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Atrium Ljungberg. Interim Report 1 January–31 March 2023

Healthy profit from property management despite these challenging times.

Overview January-March 2023.

- Rental income amounted to SEK 712 million (SEK 600 m), with an increase in comparable portfolios of 11.7% (2.6%).
- The operating surplus amounted to SEK 489 million (SEK 391 m), of which comparable portfolios increased by 14.9% (1.5%).
- Net sales for project and construction work amounted to SEK 84 million (SEK 56 m), while gross profit totalled SEK -1 million (SEK -6 m).
- Profit from property management amounted to SEK 326 million (SEK 281 m), corresponding to SEK 2.58 per share (SEK 2.23 per share).
- Unrealised changes in the value of properties amounted to SEK -401 million (SEK 1,309 m), which included project returns of SEK 10 million (SEK 602 m).

- Profit for the period amounted to SEK -292 million (SEK 1,870 m), corresponding to SEK -2.32 per share (SEK 14.81).
- Net letting for the quarter amounted to SEK 8 million (SEK 44 m), of which the company itself terminated SEK -3 million (SEK -10 m) to pave the way for future projects.
- Investments for the quarter amounted to SEK 466 million (SEK 463 m). There were no acquisitions in the first quarter. Property sales amounted to SEK 1,818 million (-).
- → The net asset value amounted to SEK 266.70 per share, which is a decrease of 0.5%, adjusted for the dividend paid.

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2022/2023 | 2022 |
|---|---------------|---------|-----------|---------|
| Overview 1) | Jan-Mar | Jan-Mar | Apr-Mar | Jan-Dec |
| Rental income, SEK m | 712 | 600 | 2,663 | 2,550 |
| Net sales, project and construction work, SEK m | 84 | 56 | 284 | 255 |
| Net sales, SEK m | 796 | 655 | 2,947 | 2,806 |
| Gross profit, SEK m | 487 | 384 | 1,783 | 1,680 |
| Profit from property management, SEK m | 326 | 281 | 1,171 | 1,127 |
| Ditto SEK/share | 2.58 | 2.23 | 9.28 | 8.93 |
| Profit after tax, SEK m | -292 | 1,870 | 2,126 | 4,288 |
| Ditto SEK/share | -2.32 | 14.81 | 16.85 | 33.97 |
| Property value, SEK m | E0 2E2 | 53,361 | 58,253 | 60 006 |
| | 58,253 466 | 463 | · · | 60,006 |
| Investments including acquisitions, SEK m | | | 6,076 | 6,072 |
| Net lettings, excl. own terminations, SEK m | 11 | 54 | 141 | 184 |
| Net lettings, incl. own terminations, SEK m | 8 | 44 | 79 | 115 |
| Loan-to-value ratio, % | 42.0 | 40.4 | 42.0 | 42.3 |
| Interest coverage ratio | 3.5 | 4.9 | 3.5 | 3.8 |
| Average closing interest rate, % | 2.3 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 2.2 |
| Long-term net asset value, SEK/share | 266.70 | 252.17 | 266.70 | 270.60 |
| Share price, SEK/share | 169.00 | 192.50 | 169.00 | 170.90 |
| | | | | |
| Environmentally-certified area (m²), % | 80 | 96 | 80 | 76 |
| Total energy intensity, kWh/m² (average year) | 169 | 188 | 169 | 178 |

¹⁾ See page 20 for the complete table of key performance indicators and pages 27-28 for their definitions.

Unrealised change in value

-401 $_{\sf SEK}$ m

Operating surplus for comparable portfolios

+14.9 Change %

Net letting

8 SEK

Ongoing projects

7.1 sek b

Strong future locations for offices.

Uncertainty is still all around us. It has been more than one year since the Russian invasion of Ukraine and a solution seems a long way off. Inflation remains high, particularly in Sweden. It is highly likely that interest rates have not yet reached their peak. But even in this kind of environment, we are still able to report a healthy profit from property management and positive net letting. We've also received proof that a lot of our portfolio is located in the best future locations for offices in Stockholm.

Profit

We have started this year by reporting profit from property management of SEK 326 million, which represents SEK 2.58 per share and growth of 16%. This is mostly due to net operating growth of approximately 15% in comparable portfolios, contributions from completed projects, and property transactions. It is our assessment that yield requirements will continue to rise, which is why we have increased them by an average of around 10 points. This is balanced to a certain extent by increased net operating income. All of this caused a reduction in value of SEK 401 million, or -0.7%. Due to an negative unrealised change in value of derivatives and tax, the bottom line is a SEK 292 million loss, corresponding to SEK -2.32 per share.

After the end of the quarter, we had our Baa2 rating confirmed by Moody's, but the outlook was changed from stable to negative. The reason for this is that our key performance indicators, such as our interest coverage ratio and loan-to-value ratio, are being put under pressure by changes in market conditions, including rising interest rates, credit tightening caused by a more restrictive bond market and falling property prices.

The transaction market

The transaction market remains cautious, with sales of approximately SEK 20 billion in the first quarter of 2023, which is 64% lower than the same period in the previous

year. The Stockholm region has accounted for the highest proportion of the total transaction volume so far this year at 57%. Logistics is the segment with the highest turnover, followed by offices, residentials and retail.

At Atrium Ljungberg, we sold Skotten 6, Glashuset on Drottninggatan at the beginning of January. This deal is worth SEK 1.9 billion and represents a natural step in our urban development strategy. It has also made us more financially resilient moving forwards.

Office market

In the first quarter we have signed agreements corresponding to SEK 56 million in annual rent, proving that demand remains high for office space in great locations. However, we have also noted that companies are focusing heavily on their costs; we have received terminations corresponding to an annual rent of approximately SEK 45 million. There is a risk that the trend will move towards smaller office space and greater flexibility in lease contracts. The locations inside the congestion charge zones in Stockholm are still generating the most interest, with Slussen and Hagastaden seeing the highest demand in Atrium Ljungberg's portfolio.

Every two years Fastighetsvärlden, a magazine for the property industry, carries out a survey to chart the best future locations for offices in Stockholm. Slakthusområdet



came out on top this year, with Slussen in third place. 92 experts were asked to look ten years into the future and they concluded that the locations with the greatest rental potential were those linked to the planned extension of the underground network.

It is wonderful to see so much of our portfolio in the top 10 and one area that stands out for us is Hagastaden. We have seen a lot of interest in this area, particularly the historical industrial districts, where we signed a lot of great lease contracts in the past quarter. In February we signed agreements for more than 1,300 m2 with the property developer Nordr, which is moving its Swedish office to our Mineralvattenfabriken property. Other companies that have chosen to move their head offices to Hagastaden include Granit, KitchenTime and Zmarta Group.

In Sickla we signed an agreement with Nacka Municipality during the quarter, to extend the lease contract for its existing upper secondary school and to extend the school premises. This new lease contract comprises a total of more than 10,000 m², of which 2,100 m² new

"Slakthusområdet came out on top as the place in Stockholm with the greatest rental potential and best future location."

construction, which includes Young Business Creatives, YBC, whose premises will be expanded, side by side with the music school Rytmus and the upper-secondary school Designgymnasiet. This investment in Campus Sickla is an important step in the continued development of Sickla as a city district that boasts a mix of workplaces, education, residentials, culture and retail.

Katarinahuset in Slussen is being filled with a mix of creative tenants. In the final week of the quarter it was confirmed that a major international media group will move its Swedish head office to this property. This agreement comprises approximately 1,900 m2. The lettings during the quarter are proof of how attractive our locations are, and that the location and context of an office are more important than ever before for the tenants.

We have a well differentiated contract portfolio where our 10 largest klients account for 20% of income. Around half of this 20% of income comes from the public sector.

Residential market

The Swedish residential market saw a positive start to the year. In both February and March prices for tenant-owned dwellings increased by 1% and 2%. The annual price development is currently –11% for tenant-owned dwellings.

We are continuing to see a low number of sales launches for new-build tenant-owned dwellings, far below the average value over the past six years.

Although the number of apartments sold remains at a much lower level than in the previous year, we are seeing movement. There has been a higher level of activity since the start of the year, with more interested parties and more people coming for viewings. So far this year we have signed five binding contracts with new customers and we have no plans to lower the prices of the apartments that are currently on sale. It is our assessment that interest in our locations and residentials will remain strong. In fact, it will increase the closer we get to completion and occupancy.

Retail sector

Retail comprises approximately 20% of the company's total property portfolio and represents a large, diverse range, where just over 40% of sales at the retail hubs are for staple goods, such as food, pharmaceutical products and alcohol. As we know, these segments fare well in both good and bad times, with the majority seeing an increase in sales in the first few months of the year, compared with the same period in the previous year. This increase is most probably due to a combination of price adjustments and volumes. We are seeing a return to pre-pandemic levels, with more visitors coming to our hubs than in 2022.

Other segments that have seen an increased turnover are opticians and travel agencies. Although gyms and cinemas had a favourable start to the year, it is too early to say whether this is a trend change or just a temporary increase. Clothing and shoes, that purely comprises around 11% of retail venue sales, was, in terms of volume, in line with the previous year.

A house - with a clear expansion plan

In the middle of March we announced that Atrium Ljungberg had acquired 50% of the shares in A house for approximately SEK 20 million. We also intend to invest approximately SEK 50 million in the coming years for future expansion.

Since the start of 2016, A house has been a hub for many innovative operations and it is currently planning to expand to a number of locations in Atrium Ljungberg's portfolio in Stockholm. The company has a unique ability to create destinations based on the property's soul, filled with life, energy and enthusiasm. This is exactly how Atrium Ljungberg works when we develop locations.

A house has definitely shown that you can build a strong and profitable community, and attract incredibly interesting tenants. This partnership broadens Atrium Ljungberg's offer to existing customers and enables us to target new sectors and contexts.

Project portfolio

So what is happening at the moment with our development projects? Well, as I mentioned earlier, we are continuing to work actively on our long-term portfolio so that we can invest in profitable projects, although the conditions on the market could result in a slight delay.

I am extremely excited to announce our plans for 'Sickla Trästad' (Sickla Wooden Town). We have been working with Nacka Municipality to produce a detailed development plan for Central Sickla with a total of six blocks, comprising more than 90,000 m² GFA, on land which is mostly being used for parking at the moment. Atrium Ljungberg has now made a historic strategic decision to build these six blocks out of wood, based on the company's extremely ambitious climate goals, combined with customer demand for attractive and unique urban environments. The detailed development plan will be sent out for examination in the third guarter of 2023.

In the first quarter the Board made an investment decision to build a new underground entrance in the shopping centre in Sickla. Atrium Ljungberg had already agreed to build an underground entrance for the extension of the blue line to Nacka as part of the current Sickla Stationshus project. We have now also signed an implementation agreement with Region Stockholm, which means that another entrance will be created in the eastern section of Sickla Galleria. The underground extension and entrances are planned to be up and running by 2030.



Every day when I am travelling to and from my office, I can see work progressing on the new underground extension. I cannot tell you how much I am looking forward to a time when it will take me 7 minutes to travel from T-centralen metro station, to Sickla. I know that I will have to wait a few more years for this, but one thing I have learnt is that seven years go by extremely quickly when you have such an exciting and rewarding job.

Annica Ånäs, CEO

This is Atrium Ljungberg.

Rooted in the old traditions of the master builder, we have developed our strategy and refined our property portfolio in recent years. We work with urban development to achieve our vision: 'Our city – where everyone thrives'. This is why our property portfolio and project development portfolio are located in large coherent areas that have a mix of offices, residentials, retail, culture and education in Sweden's four strongest growth markets – Stockholm, Uppsala, Gothenburg and Malmö.

Business model

Goal

Atrium Ljungberg will deliver a minimum 10% return on equity over time.

Financial risk limitations

The loan-to-value ratio can be a maximum of 45%, while the interest coverage ratio will be a minimum of 2.0.

Dividend policy

A minimum of 50% of profit before changes in value will be distributed every year, following deductions for full nominal tax.

Investment

The company can invest approximately 5% of its size annually without this having a major impact on the loan-to-value ratio.

Agenda 2030

At the start of 2022 the company announced its goal to invest approximately SEK 30 billion up to 2030 in order to deliver on our goal for project returns. This will enable a project return of approximately SEK 10 billion based on assessments of future rental levels, project costs and lettings. The time frame may have to be extended slightly due to the current situation in the world.

The total potential investment volume amounts to approximately SEK 40 billion and stretches to the middle of the 2030s; it includes approximately SEK 28 billion for properties that are being developed to be owned (most of which are offices) and approximately SEK 12 billion in tenant-owned dwellings. This development will be carried out with properties that the company already owns or through the land allocations that it has obtained, with approximately 85% of the project development at existing or future underground stations in Stockholm.

One important component of Agenda 2030 is our new sustainability goals, which were adopted at the end of 2021 and will take us up to 2030. Sustainability is a key business driver and a crucial component of our strategy, which is about sustainable innovative urban development.

Ten good reasons to be at a location

- 1. Street life 24 hours a day
- 2. Sports and activities
- 3. Cultural and learning environment
- 4. Art and cultural history
- 5. Nature and smart ecosystems
- 6. Games and social areas
- 7. Food and cafes
- 8. Calm oases
- 9. Digital infrastructure and Wi-Fi
- 10. Retail and service

Our six sustainability goals that last until 2030 are:

- 1. We will be climate neutral by 2030, which is measured in kgCO₂e/GFA for construction projects and kgCO₂e/m² for property management.
- In 2025, we will have reduced our climate impact in construction projects, with our lifecycle analyses showing a halving of kgCO₂e/GFA.
- 3. Our locations will achieve at least 90% in our new social sustainability index, Our City, by 2030.
- In 2025, 100% of all our substantial purchases will be evaluated based on Atrium Ljungberg's Supplier Code of Conduct.
- Atrium Ljungberg will run at least two development programmes for suppliers every year to jointly develop the sustainability work.
- 6. Atrium Ljungberg has adopted a new goal for sustainable employees: a score of 5.5 in the Human Financial Wellness monitoring system. This decision was taken by the Board in January 2023.

Uppsala, 10%

Stockholm, 80%

Gothenburg, 5%

Malmö,5%

Property value per category



Sustainable enterprise.

Atrium Ljungberg's sustainability work

Atrium Ljungberg has sustainability goals for the period 2022–2030, which will guide our work in a sustainable direction. A number of key performance indicators are also related to sustainability that supplement these goals. The climate goal is measured through two key performance indicators: one for property management and one for new builds. New builds also have an additional target: to halve their climate impact by 2025.

In the first guarter we continued to work towards our goals. We have been actively using lifecycle analyses at an early stage in our projects to identify which measures we could potentially take to reduce our climate impact. In terms of our climate goal for new builds, we saw a reduction from the starting value (baseline), but the figure was slightly higher than in the previous guarter. This is due to some of our new projects, where we have not progressed as far in our work with lifecycle analyses, as well as a few projects that received updated calculations. For our goal in property management, we see that we are at the same level as the previous quarter. Energy consumption accounts for a high proportion of the climate impact in this area and it has continued to fall as a result of the efficiency measures being taken in our operations. Transport to our retail hubs also has a major impact, with the figure the same as in the previous year. During the quarter we installed new solar cells in Hagastaden.

The social goal remains unchanged as it will take more than one quarter to implement the activities required for the index Vår stad. We are currently undertaking a process review of all our locations to identify what the next step will be. Since the end of 2022 we have decided to use a new employee survey, which focuses on sustainable employees – Human Financial Wellness. We started this work in 2022 and in January 2023 we set an index goal for the entire organisation at 5.5, where the maximum is 7. The survey that was carried out in the autumn of 2022 gave a starting value of 5.7, which showed that our employees are very engaged and that they are happy

with their work, colleagues and managers. Supplier monitoring continues. We plan to run the next supplier development programme in the second quarter.

Atrium Ljungberg and six other property companies are behind 'The Real Estate industry's initiative for sustainable supply chains' (FIHL), which was launched in January. Its aim is to develop a shared approach to ensure more effective monitoring of sustainability aspects among suppliers to the property sector.

In March we also released an investor report for our green financing, and the first progress report for sustainability-linked financing.

The EU Taxonomy

Atrium Ljungberg's EU Taxonomy reporting is voluntary as the company is not under any legal requirement to do so. We have noted that 100% of our operations are taxonomy-eligible. We report on one of the taxonomy's six environmental objectives: objective 1 'Climate change mitigation'. We have to meet the requirements for objective 1 to be taxonomy-aligned and ensure that we comply with the DNSH (do no significant harm) criteria and the minimum social safeguards.

For the first quarter, we see no major movements within taxonomy-compatible activities. The proportion of compliant capital expenditure has increased compared to 2022, this is because acquisitions of properties that were not compliant with the taxonomy were included in capital expenditure in 2022. If more of our activities shall become taxonomy-aligned, we have to work to reduce our energy consumption in our investment properties. This may involve measures that take time to produce significant results. We see potential in our future projects as well to increase the proportion of our projects that are taxonomy-aligned. We also monitor developments taking place in the taxonomy to see if we could make a contribution to any of the other four objectives that have not yet been resolved by the EU.

| Sustainability goals for 2030 | 31 Mar 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | Goal/Comments |
|--|----------------|----------|----------|---------|----------|--|
| 1.00.4054 | 400 | 000 | | | | Goal construction projekts: 0 kgCO ₂ e/ |
| kgCO ₂ e/GFA | 403 | 388 | - | - | | GFA 2030 Stanting value 440 |
| Percentage change from starting value | -10 | -16 | _ | _ | _ | Starting value 449 |
| kgCO ₂ e/m ^{2 1) 2)} | 7 | 7 | - | - | - | Goal property management: 0 kgCO₂e/ m² 2030 |
| Percentage change | 0 | _ | _ | _ | _ | Metrics are missing from previous years |
| Our City index, % | 34 | 34 | _ | _ | | Goal: 90% |
| Suppliers evaluated, % 3) | 10 | 10 | 2 | 17 | | Goal: 100% from year 2022 |
| Supplier development programme | - | 2 | _ | _ | | Goal: 2 every year |
| Sustainable employees index, % 4) | 5.7 | 5.7 | 90 | 89 | | Goal: 5.0 HFW. 2021-2019 GPTW |
| | 3.1 | 3.7 | 30 | 03 | 01 | doal. 5.0 mw. 2021-2013 driw |
| Key performance indicators | | | | | | |
| Property energy, kWh/m ² 1) | 93 | 96 | 112 | 122 | 132 | Goal: -20% in 2030, weighted to an average year |
| Tenant energy, kWh/m ² 1) | 80 | 82 | 86 | 85 | | Weighted to an average year |
| Total energy consumption, kWh/m ² 1) | 169 | 178 | 198 | 207 | | Weighted to an average year |
| Total energy consumption, kWh/m ² 1) | 168 | 177 | _ | _ | | Not weighted to an average year |
| Energy savings, % kWh/m² compared with | 100 | 111 | | | | R12, comparable portfolios, weighted |
| the previous year 1) | -10 | -14 | -6 | -6 | -5 | to an average year |
| Energy savings, % kWh/m² compared with the previous year 1) | -10 | -8 | | _ | | R12, comparable portfolios, actual |
| Solar cells, m ² | 14,716 | | 14,296 | 8,202 | 667 | KIZ, Comparable por Crollos, accual |
| Proportion of green contracts, % 1) | 70 | 67 | 59 | 44 | | Of the annual rent |
| Water consumption, m ³ /m ² | 0.46 | 0.44 | 0.46 | 0.39 | 0.39 | of the annual Pent |
| · | 80 | 76 | 96 | 62 | | Goal: 100% |
| Certified area (m ²), % | | 76 49 | 96 55 | 37 | | Goal: 100% |
| Certified buildings - of which BREEAM | 50 17 | 49 17 | 17 | 13 | 30 13 | |
| | | | | | | |
| of which BREEAM In-Useof which Miljöbyggnad | 26 7 | 25 7 | 33 6 | 21 3 | 14 3 | |
| | | · | | _ | | D |
| CDP rating | В | В | В | В | В | Best possible rating = A |
| Taxonomy | | | | | | |
| Taxonomy-aligned sales, % | 21 | 23 | _ | _ | - | |
| - property management portfolio, % | 24 | 24 | - | - | - | |
| Taxonomy-aligned capital expenditure, % | 15 | 8 | _ | _ | _ | |
| - property management portfolio, % | 16 | 6 | - | - | - | |
| Taxonomy-aligned operating expenses, % | 17 | 16 | - | - | - | |
| - property management portfolio, % | 17 | 16 | - | - | - | |

¹⁾ Rolling 12 months

²⁾ Standardised calculations for transport to retail hubs and generated waste, materials and tenant transport are excluded.

³⁾ Different method of calculation between years 2020-2019, the figures are not comparable.

⁴⁾ HFW, Human Financial Wellness.

Property portfolio.

Property market

There were clear signs of a slowdown on the Swedish transaction market during the first quarter of the year, with transaction figures at a relatively low level historically. The transaction volume for Q1 2023 amounted to approximately SEK 20 billion, which is 64% lower than the same period in the previous year and 51% lower than the average for the past five years. Interest from abroad was relatively high, as the proportion of foreign investors accounted for 29% of the total transaction volume, which is slightly higher than the annual average over the past five years.

The first quarter of the year was dominated by the logistics and the industry segment, which accounted for 35% of the transaction volume, followed by residentials at 21%, offices 16%, retail 16% and social properties 1%. The Stockholm area continued to account for the highest

proportion of the transaction volume at 57%, while Malmö and Gothenburg only accounted for 4% each.

Property portfolio

Our property portfolio is concentrated in central locations in the growth regions of Stockholm, Uppsala, Gothenburg and Malmö, with Stockholm accounting for 80% (76%) of the market value. At the end of the quarter our property portfolio contained a total of 75 properties (76) with a total letting area of 943,000 m² (956,000 m²).

Investments and sales

During the period SEK 466 million (SEK 463 m) was invested in existing properties; this includes SEK 349 million (SEK 406 m) for properties that are being developed for ownership and SEK 118 million (SEK 57 m) for tenant-owned dwellings.

| | 1 - 4 4 2 | D | Duamantu | Kental | Rental | Economic |
|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Property portfolio, 31 March 2023 | Letting area, '000 m ^{2 1)} | Property value, SEK m | Property value, SEK/m² | value, SEK m²) | value, SEK/ m² | letting rate, % |
| Office properties | 556 | 35,864 | 64,572 | 1,947 | 3,506 | 93.3 |
| Retail properties | 257 | 11,740 | 45,677 | 902 | 3,507 | 92.2 |
| Residentials | 45 | 1,554 | 34,339 | 102 | 2,255 | 96.9 |
| Business area Property | 858 | 49,158 | 57,315 | 2,951 | 3,441 | 93.1 |
| - of which Stockholm | 550 | 37,275 | 67,789 | 2,083 | 3,787 | 93.2 |
| – of which Uppsala | 124 | 5,810 | 46,843 | 410 | 3,306 | 93.3 |
| - of which Gothenburg | 74 | 2,999 | 40,539 | 181 | 2,451 | 92.1 |
| – of which Malmö | 110 | 3,073 | 27,991 | 277 | 2,524 | 92.7 |
| Project properties | 79 | 6,654 | _ | 231 | _ | - |
| Land and development rights | - | 914 | - | - | - | - |
| Total Investment properties | 937 | 56,726 | _ | 3,182 | - | - |
| Development properties | 6 | | | | | |
| Property portfolio, total | 943 | 56,726 | | 3,182 | | |

¹⁾ Letting area, excluding garage.

Property sales

| Property | Area | Category | Letting area, m² | Date vacated | property, SEK m |
|-----------|-----------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Skotten 6 | Stockholm | Office | 12,984 | 31 January 2023 | 1,900 |

Change in the property portfolio

| SEK m | 2023 Jan-Mar | 2022 Jan-Mar |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Investment properties | | |
| Fair value, opening value | 58,596 | 50,335 |
| Acquisitions | - | - |
| Sales | -1,818 | - |
| Investments in held properties | 349 | 406 |
| Unrealised changes in value | -401 | 1,309 |
| Reclassification | - | 0 |
| Fair value, closing value | 56,726 | 52,050 |
| Development properties | | |
| Book value, opening value | 1,409 | 1,254 |
| Reclassification | - | - |
| Sales for tenant-owned dwelling projects | _ | _ |
| Investments in tenant-owned | | |
| dwelling projects | 118 | 57 |
| Book value, closing value | 1,527 | 1,311 |
| Property portfolio, closing value | 58,253 | 53,361 |

During the year one office property in Central Stockholm, Skotten 6, measuring approximately 13,000 m², was sold at an underlying property value of SEK 1,900 million. It was vacated on 31 January 2023.

Property valuation

In the first quarter an internal valuation was carried out on all properties. This market valuation is based on a cash flow model that includes an individual assessment of each property, looking at both their future earning capacity and the market's yield requirements. Assumed rental levels in conjunction with contract expirations correspond to assessed long-term market rent levels, while operating costs are based on the company's actual costs. An inflation assumption of 5% has been used for 2023 (4% at the beginning of the year), after which the figure is 2%. Project properties are valued in the same way, but with deductions for the remaining investment. A risk premium is added to the yield requirement on the basis of the current phase of the project.

Development rights have been valued based on an assessed market value SEK per m² GFA for established development rights with an approved detailed development plan, or where the detailed development plan is

expected to become legally binding in the near future. The average value of development rights in the valuation is approximately SEK 5,700/m² GFA (SEK 5,700/m² GFA).

P.7

At the end of the period the valuation yield amounted to 4.5% (4.4%), an increase of approximately 10 bp compared with the start of the year, which is mostly attributable to offices. Combined with a stronger cash flow (index from 4% to 5% for 2024 and continued positive net letting) and time, this results in a net reduction in value of 0.7%.

Valuation yield per region

| | | 31 Mar 2023 | 31 Dec 2022 |
|------------|----------|-------------|-------------|
| % | Interval | Average | Average |
| Stockholm | 3.4-6.4 | 4.2 | 4.1 |
| Uppsala | 3.8-5.7 | 5.4 | 5.3 |
| Malmö | 3.6-6.0 | 5.4 | 5.4 |
| Gothenburg | 4.6-5.9 | 4.6 | 4.5 |
| Total | 3.4-6.4 | 4.5 | 4.4 |

Valuation yield per property category

| | | 31 Mar 2023 | 31 Dec 2022 |
|--------------|----------|-------------|-------------|
| % | Interval | Average | Average |
| Offices | 3.4-6.4 | 4.2 | 4.1 |
| Retail | 3.7-6.0 | 5.3 | 5.2 |
| Residentials | 3.6-4.7 | 4.4 | 4.4 |
| Total | 3.4-6.4 | 4.5 | 4.4 |

Development properties enable tenant-owned dwellings

Development properties are properties that are developed or intended to be developed into tenant-owned dwellings and then be sold. The development properties are reported as the lowest of the investments made and the estimated net realisable value.

The book value as of 31 March 2023 amounted to SEK 1,527 million (SEK 1,409 m). The market value was assessed to be approximately SEK 2,001 million (SEK 1,716 m) as of the same date; this refers primarily to Nobelberget, Kyrkviken, the rest of Sickla and Gränbystaden.

²⁾ Annual discount of SEK 70 million has been excluded.

Customer.

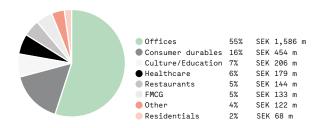
Contracted annual rent and letting rate

As of 1 April 2023 the contracted terminable annual rent amounted to SEK 2,890 million. The economic letting rate excluding project properties was 93% (93%) at the same point in time, while the average remaining term for contracted rent, excluding residentials and parking amounted to 4.6 years (4.5 years).

Atrium Ljungberg has a broad spread of risks in its contract portfolio in terms of sector, customer and maturity.

Contracted annual rent per premises type

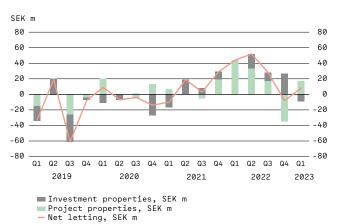
- A mixed portfolio creates flexibility



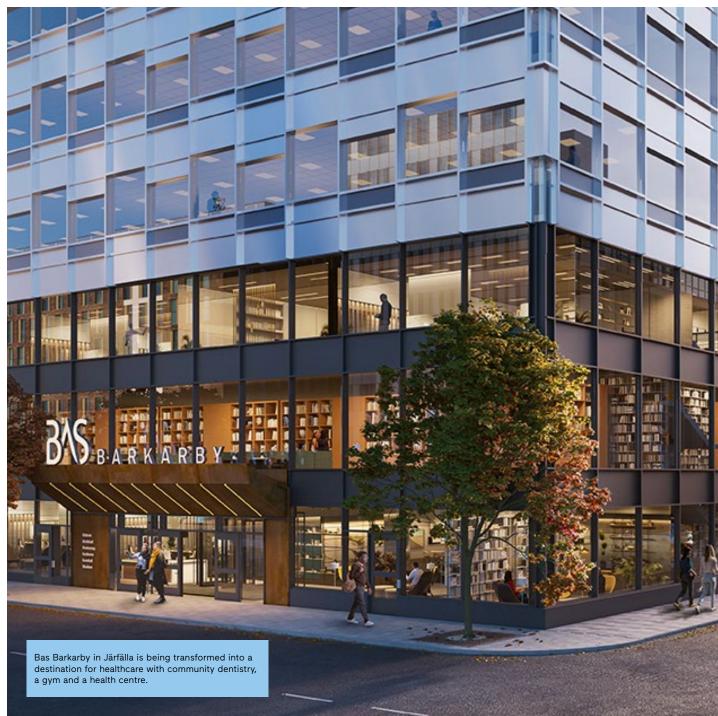
Net letting

Net letting, i.e. new contracted annual rent with deductions for annual rents lost due to terminated contracts, amounted to SEK 8 million (SEK 44 m) during the period, of which SEK 17 million (SEK 46 m) was for project properties. It was mostly offices in the Stockholm area that accounted for both the newly signed and terminated contracts. New letting amounted to SEK 56 million (SEK 92 m), while terminations from customers amounted to SEK 45 million (SEK 38 m). We also terminated the contract of a customer, corresponding to an annual rent of SEK 3 million (SEK 10 m). The time lag between net letting and its effect on profit is assessed to be 3–12 months for investment properties and 12–24 months for projects.

Net letting



| Terminable annual contract value 1 April 2023 | Number of contracts | Letting area, '000 m² | Annual contract value, SEK m | Proportion of value, % |
|---|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| Commercial, maturity | | | • | |
| 2023 | 72 | 10 | 20 | 1 |
| 2024 | 522 | 137 | 505 | 17 |
| 2025 | 300 | 129 | 483 | 17 |
| 2026 | 298 | 141 | 530 | 18 |
| 2027 | 130 | 119 | 420 | 15 |
| 2028+ | 150 | 222 | 808 | 28 |
| Total | 1,472 | 759 | 2,767 | 96 |
| Residentials | 611 | 34 | 68 | 2 |
| Garage/parking | 218 | 103 | 56 | 2 |
| Total | 2,301 | 895 | 2,890 | 100 |



Project portfolio.

Atrium Ljungberg's business model involves us owning, managing and developing properties and city districts responsibly and sustainably. This enables us to take responsibility for the entire value chain. The company has a project portfolio with an investment volume of approximately SEK 40 billion in land already owned or land allocations obtained. At the start of 2022 the company launched a goal to invest approximately SEK 30 billion up to 2030 in our projects with a project return of approximately 30%. However, the plan is now to realise our projects at the pace the market allows, following the changes to market conditions.

As of 31 March 2023 our project portfolio comprised approximately 735,000 m² GFA, which includes 230,000 m² GFA residential development rights, while the rest is for properties that we manage, specialising in offices. Most of the development portfolio is located in Stockholm, focusing on Hagastaden, Slakthusområdet, Slussen and Sickla. Approximately 85% of the portfolio is located at existing or future underground stations in Stockholm.

Ongoing projects

On 31 March 2023 Atrium Ljungberg had ongoing construction work totalling SEK 7.1 billion, which includes SEK 4.8 billion that still has to be invested. SEK 6.3 billion of the ongoing projects is for investments in properties that are being developed for ownership with an assessed project return of approximately 37%, corresponding to SEK 2.3 billion; SEK 0.7 billion of this has already been recognised. The company also has ongoing projects for constructing tenant-owned dwellings totalling SEK 0.8 billion, with an assessed market value of SEK 1.0 billion that will be realised as they are completed.

In the first quarter the company decided to start a new project with an investment volume of approximately SEK 100 million (Campus Sickla). The current lease contract was renegotiated and extended, and the premises were extended by approximately 2,100 m².

Atrium Ljungberg had applied for a building permit for a new extension to Katarinahuset, which would replace the previous extension. In the autumn of 2022 we were notified that the building permit had not been approved by the County Administrative Board, so we lodged an appeal against this decision with the Land and Environment Court. This court found in our favour at the beginning of 2023. At the beginning of April 2023 the Land and Environment Court of Appeal announced that they would not grant any more leaves to appeal, which means that the ruling of the Land and Environment Court is now final.

Planned projects

Hagastaden

Atrium Ljungberg is one of the largest property owners in Hagastaden and has been actively involved in the development of the area for more than 30 years. We have planned several projects in this area to help Hagastaden grow as a dynamic city district, with the aim to become one of the world's leading life science clusters by 2030.

In July 2022 a development agreement was signed in Hagastaden for two residential blocks and one office block: Cambridge, Stanford and Pisa, with an investment volume of approximately SEK 5 billion. The first phase of this project is to build a shared garage for these blocks, which was started in the autumn of 2022. The Stanford residential block will then be the first block to be built. In Brunnsviken in Östra Hagastaden Atrium Ljungberg has an additional land allocation, where we are planning to build an 8-storey office building measuring 21,000 m² with incredible views across the water and Haga Park. The planned development projects in Hagastaden represent a future investment of approximately SEK 8 billion, including SEK 4 billion for tenant-owned dwellings and the rest for offices.

Sickla

For more than 20 years we have been transforming Sickla from an industrial area into a vibrant city district. We have been working with Nacka Municipality to produce a vision



for the development of Industrikvarteren (the Industrial District), which used to be called 'Central Sickla', stretching from Marcusplatsen in the west to Kyrkviken in the east. The area currently comprises large areas for car parking and low retail buildings. However, the plan is to transform this into an urban city district with walkways and buildings that house offices and residentials, with commercial enterprises and service facilities on the ground floors. In total the development project comprises approximately 150,000 m² GFA and around 500 new apartments. The detailed development plan process was under consultation in 2022, and it is planned to be sent out for examination in 2023. The detailed development plan for Industrikvarteren will be divided into three stages during the examination phase. Stage 1 relates to construction up to around 2030. Work is currently underway on this and it is planned to be adopted in 2024. The remaining sections will be postponed as a result of the Eastern Link reserve. The detailed development plan for stages 2 and 3 will be planned and completed well in advance to ensure continued construction after the expansion of stage 1. These planned projects report assessed volumes of 125,000 m² GFA for stages 1 and 2.

An investment decision was made for a new underground entrance in Sickla. We had already agreed to build an underground entrance for the extension of the blue line to Nacka as part of the current Sickla Stationshus project. We are now expanding this to include one additional

entrance, in the eastern section of Sickla shopping centre. The underground extension and entrances are planned to be up and running by 2030.

We are planning more residentials in other parts of Sickla. The detailed development plan for Nobelberget comprises a total of approximately 500 apartments. Planning work is also underway for Kyrkviken and Norra Nobelberget.

The future investment for the development projects in Sickla amounts to approximately SEK 10 billion, which includes approximately SEK 8 billion that is planned to be invested up to approximately 2030; SEK 4 billion is for tenant-owned dwellings, while the rest is for offices.

Slakthusområdet

Atrium Ljungberg's vision is for Slakthusområdet to be an attractive location with offices and residentials, supplemented with a wide range of food, culture and experiences. A brand new meeting place and an engine for the entire Söderort. We currently have 200,000 m² GFA in land allocations that we already own or have obtained; this corresponds to a future investment of approximately SEK 10 billion; SEK 1 billion is for tenant-owned dwellings and approximately SEK 9 billion is for commercial operations. Most of this will be carried out by just after 2030.

Slakthusområdet is one of Stockholm's largest urban development projects. In June 2022 the detailed development plan for Stationskvarteret became legally binding and a development agreement was signed in the summer. In total Atrium Ljungberg has approximately 40,000 m² GFA in detailed development plans that are legally binding and the ambition is to double this in 2023/2024. We have a cooperation agreement with Stockholm University of the Arts (SKH) for a move to Slakthusområdet. The university area is planned to comprise approximately 30,000 m² GFA of educational premises and workplaces.

Slussen

Atrium Ljungberg is one of the largest property owners in Slussen. At Ryssgården and Södermalmstorg we have the opportunity to develop a retail hub measuring approximately 16,000 m² GFA. This retail hub will be adjacent to the future Mälarterrassen, a public building comprising approximately 7,000 m² GFA with an incredible view of Gamla Stan, the old town, in Stockholm, and the water. Mälarterrassen will house cafes, restaurants and cultural facilities, and it is expected to be ready to move into by 2026.

In Slussen we also have a land allocation in front of Katarinahuset in the Ryssbodarne district, which will be above Stadsgårdsleden and Saltsjöbanan. This is a development right comprising approximately 7,000 m² GFA across five floors, where we are planning offices with public spaces on the ground floors. Production will start in 2027 at the earliest, with potential occupancy in 2029.

Atrium Ljungberg already owns Glashuset, Sjömansinstitutet and Katarinahuset, which means that we now own approximately 55,000 m² NRA in our existing portfolio, as well as land allocations totalling approximately 30,000 m² GFA. Our development projects in Slussen are scheduled for completion by 2030; they represent a total future investment of approximately SEK 2 billion, including land allocations.

Uppsala

Uppsala is the fourth largest city in Sweden with a steady population growth, growing business and world-leading

research. It is one of our most important sub markets and we are focusing our operations on the City of Uppsala and Gränbystaden.

The detailed development plan for Ångkvarnen (Uppsala Kungsängen 22:2) in the City of Uppsala was adopted by Uppsala City Council in June 2021 and became legally binding at the end of June 2022. The buildings are in a development area where we are working with Ikano Bostad and Besqab to link the southern parts of the inner city with the centre. Possession of these properties is expected in the summer of 2024.

Over the past six years we have carried out a number of major development projects in Gränbystaden, where we have been able to develop around an additional 30,000 m² GFA as part of the existing detailed development plan; 17,000 m² GFA of this is for tenant-owned dwellings. We also submitted a planning application in January 2023 to start a detailed development plan process to continue to develop the area. This could provide an additional 55,000 m² GFA for offices and residentials. The development projects in Uppsala represent a future investment volume of approximately SEK 4 billion.

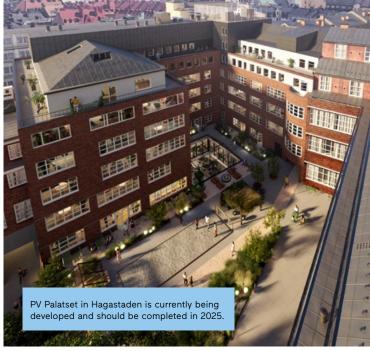
Gothenburg

In the fourth quarter of 2022 the detailed development plan process started for the reconstruction and extension of the Tornen property in Lindholmen in Gothenburg. Approximately 23,000 m² GFA of modern office space is expected to be created. There has been an amendment to the plan, which will allow for FMCG in our M2 property and a detailed development plan for the M1 property. This detailed development plan is being produced in collaboration with Älvstranden Utveckling.

Malmö

In Mobilia we have a development right of 5,400 m² GFA for offices on the street Trelleborgsvägen. The building permit has been received and the project will start once the letting rate has reached a suitable level. Offices will be the natural next step in the development of Mobilia on its journey to becoming a dynamic city district with mixed content and a hub in southern Malmö.





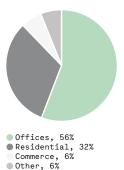


Ongoing projects

| 3. 3. 3. | | Tura af | | Residen- | | Total invest- ment including | of which | Market value at | Dantal valua | Economic |
|--|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Developed for ownership | Municipality | Type of investment | Completed | tials, m ² | Premises, m² | - | remains, SEK m | | SEK m 1) | |
| Completed projects during the year | | | - | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | |
| - Slakthushallarna phase 1 | Stockholm | Reconstruction | Q1 2023 | _ | 2,300 | 190 | 10 | | 10 | 70 |
| Ongoing projects | | | | | | | | | | |
| – Katarinahuset | Stockholm | Reconstruction | Q4 2023 | _ | 24,900 | 1,240 | 420 | | 149 | 63 |
| - Slakthushallarna phase 2 | Stockholm | Reconstruction | Q1 2024 | _ | 2,000 | 120 | 50 | | 5 | 100 |
| - Campus Sickla, extension | Stockholm | Extension | Q2 2025 | _ | 2,100 | 100 | 80 | | 7 | 100 |
| – PV Palatset | Stockholm | Reconstruction | Q2 2025 | - | 10,100 | 400 | 310 | | 48 | - |
| – Sickla Stationshus | Nacka | New builds | Q4 2025 | - | 16,900 | 1,040 | 640 | | 67 | - |
| - Söderhallarna | Stockholm | Reconstruction | Q1 2026 | - | 23,900 | 1,260 | 1,220 | | 126 | - |
| Upper-secondary school Slakthusområdet | Stockholm | New builds | Q2 2026 | _ | 6,200 | 320 | 290 | | 17 | 100 |
| - Hus 6 Stationen Slakthusområdet | Stockholm | New builds | Q2 2027 | _ | 16,400 | 1,600 | 1,420 | | 86 | _ |
| Properties to own | | | | - | 104,800 | 6,270 | 4,440 | 10,200 | 515 | 25 |
| Tenant-owned dwellings | | | Profit recognition | | | | | | Booking rate, % | Sales rate, % 2) |
| Parkhusen block 2 | Uppsala | New builds | Q2 2023 | 5,800 | _ | 290 | 80 | | _ | 57 |
| Brf Kulturtrappan | Nacka | New builds | Q2 2024 | 6,600 | - | 520 | 220 | | - | 42 |
| Tenant-owned dwellings | | | | 12,400 | 0 | 810 | 300 | 1,000 | | |
| Ongoing projects | | | | 12,400 | 104,800 | 7,080 | 4,740 | 11,200 | | |

Project portfolio by property type

 Residentials and offices account for approximately 90% of the area



Planned and ongoing projects starting by 2030

| | Number of | | binding detailed | Assessed | of which | Market value, | Operating net, |
|-------------------------------------|------------|---------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| Developed for ownership | apartments | GFA, m² | development plans | investment, SEK m | remains, SEK m | SEK m | SEK m |
| Stockholm | | | | | | | |
| - Hagastaden | - | 58,000 | 13,000 | 4,600 | 3,900 | 7,400 | 280 |
| - Sickla | _ | 92,000 | 35,500 | 4,900 | 3,900 | 6,800 | 310 |
| - Slakthusområdet | 198 | 165,000 | 45,000 | 10,300 | 8,700 | 13,000 | 570 |
| - Slussen | _ | 55,000 | 55,000 | 4,900 | 2,400 | 6,600 | 270 |
| - Stockholm, other | _ | 45,000 | 0 | 3,100 | 1,700 | 3,600 | 160 |
| Uppsala | 452 | 84,000 | 26,000 | 3,700 | 3,600 | 3,900 | 165 |
| Gothenburg/Malmö | _ | 29,000 | 5,400 | 1,100 | 800 | 1,400 | 70 |
| Total | 650 | 528,000 | 179,900 | 32,600 | 25,000 | 42,700 | 1,825 |
| Less current operating net, SEK m | | | | | | | -85 |
| Newly created operating net, SEK m | | | | | | | 1,740 |
| Tenant-owned dwellings | | | | | | | |
| Stockholm | | | | | | | |
| - Hagastaden | 440 | 39,000 | 39,000 | 3,950 | 3,900 | 4,550 | |
| - Sickla | 933 | 86,000 | 33,000 | 5,100 | 4,300 | 7,000 | |
| - Slakthusområdet | 195 | 15,000 | - | 1,350 | 1,300 | 1,500 | |
| Uppsala | 302 | 24,000 | 20,000 | 950 | 700 | 1,050 | |
| Total | 1,870 | 164,000 | 92,000 | 11,350 | 10,200 | 14,100 | |
| Project portfolios starting by 2030 | 2,520 | 692,000 | 271,900 | 43,950 | 35,200 | 56,800 | |

of which legally

Project portfolio by area

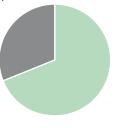
 More than 80% of the area attributable to Stockholm



- Slakthusområdet, 25% Uppsala, 15% Hagastaden, 13%
- Hagastaden, 13%
 Slussen, 8%
 Rest of Stockholm, 6%
 Gothenburg, 3%
 Malmö, 1%

Project portfolio by detailed development plan

- There is a detailed development plan for more than 30% of the area



- Change to detailed development plan required, 69%
- Detailed development plan exists, 31%

The information about ongoing projects and planned projects in this interim report is based on assessments of the size, goals and scope of these projects, and the dates when they are assessed to start and be completed. The information is also based on assessments of future project costs and rental value until the year 2030. The assessments and assumptions should not be seen as a forecast. There are uncertainties surrounding these assessments and assumptions, in relation to the projects' implementation, design and size, schedules, project costs and future rental value. The information about ongoing construction work and planned projects are reassessed on a regular basis, and assessments and assumptions are adjusted as ongoing construction work is completed or added, and the conditions change.

¹⁾ Excluding premiums.

²⁾ Uppsala: 98 apartments have been released for sale, of which 56 apartments have been sold. Nacka: 93 apartments have been released for sale, of which 39 apartments have been sold.

Financing.

The financial market

Despite aggressive interest rate hikes from central banks and tightening measures on the market, inflation has not turned the corner yet. The US, European and Swedish interest rate markets have all priced in additional hikes in interest rates in 2023 and it is difficult to predict when they will have an impact and inflation will start to fall. Although market data has remained positive, there has been turbulence in the international banking sector, which led to an extremely volatile interest rate market in the second half of March. This turbulence has spilled over into all capital-intense business, including property companies; a banking sector in difficulty combined with a tightened bond market creates concern over future financing.

Swedish short interest rates continued to rise in the first quarter. 3M Stibor moved from 2.70% at the beginning of the year to 3.36% at the end of March, while the 10-year swap rate was volatile. There were major intraday movements in the second half of March, triggered by the start of the banking turbolence. The 10-year swap rate went from 3.12% at the beginning of the year to a peak of 3.29% at the beginning of March, before ending the month at 2.86%. The interest rate market has still priced in a low long rate.

The Swedish capital market has remained stifled. There were brief windows when a few issues were carried out, but not many property companies with a similar credit rating to Atrium Ljungberg have issued bonds. Using the pricing of bonds on the secondary market, the company's credit margin for a 5-year bond would have been approximately 3.0%–3.5%.

Although the commercial paper market remained limited, the outstanding volume for Atrium Ljungberg increased by approximately SEK 390 million in the first quarter. The credit margin above Stibor, for a term of 3 months, remained unchanged at approximately 0.70 points.

Interest-bearing liabilities

Atrium Ljungberg meets its financing requirements through the Swedish and Norwegian capital markets, Nordic banks, the Nordic Investment Bank, the European Investment Bank and direct financing. Interest-bearing liabilities at the end of the period amounted to SEK 24,466 million (SEK 25,389 m). The average closing interest rate of the liabilities portfolio amounted to 2.3% (2.2%) excluding unutilised credit facilities and 2.4% (2.3%) including unutilised credit facilities. The average loan interest rate duration and loan-to-maturity stood at 4.0 years (4.0 years) and 4.1 years (4.3 years) respectively.

During the first quarter interest-bearing liabilities decreased by SEK 923 million (an increase of SEK 4,828 m). Further a new sustainability-linked bank loan worth SEK 1,000 million was taken out, while a bond worth SEK 200 million matured. The volume of commercial papers increased by SEK 390 million and a total of SEK 1,107 million of the revolving credit facilities was utilised. The remainder of the change in volume is attributable to changes in exchange rates and accrual effects.

The interest coverage ratio, measured across a rolling 12-month period, amounted to 3.5 (3.8), while the loan-to-value ratio amounted to 42.0% (42.3%) at the end of the period.

Unutilised credit facilities amounted to SEK 7,940 million (SEK 6,055 m), which covers outstanding commercial papers, totalling SEK 1,445 million, as well as other forms of borrowing with short remaining maturities. Total available liquidity amounted to SEK 8,656 million (SEK 6,735 m), including cash and cash equivalents of SEK 416 million (SEK 380 m) and unutilised overdraft facilities of SEK 300 million (SEK 300 m).

Green and sustainability-linked financing

Atrium Ljungberg works with green bond and sustainability-linked financing. Green financing is allocated to

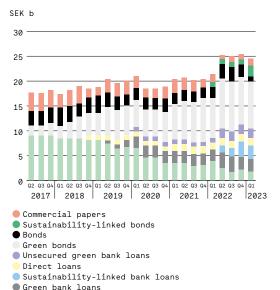
specific properties with strict climate requirements. There is a total of SEK 9,439 million (SEK 9,498 m) in green bonds and SEK 4,370 million (SEK 4,372 m) in green secured and unsecured bank loans; this accounts for 56% (55%) of the total loan volume.

Sustainability-linked financing is linked to achieving the ambitious sustainability goals that have been set for the Group. There is a total of SEK 999 million in sustainability-linked bonds and SEK 2,695 million in sustainability-linked secured bank loans; this accounts for 15% (16%) of total financing.

Development of financing sources

Bank loans

 Sustainability-linked bonds and bank loans were added as a financing source in 2022



Securities

In terms of interest-bearing liabilities, SEK 8,497 million (SEK 9,385 m) is secured by mortgage deeds, accounting for 14% (15%) of total assets; while the rest is unsecured financing.

Derivative instruments

At the end of the first quarter the derivative portfolio comprised SEK 18,064 million (SEK 17,664 m) in interest rate swaps with a maturity of 2023–2032 and foreign

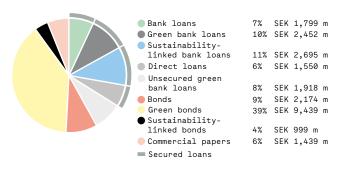
Capital structure

Secured loans correspond to 14% in relation to total assets



Interest-bearing liabilities

 SEK 24,466 million in interest-bearing liabilities, including 72% green and sustainability-linked financing



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exchange swaps of SEK 2,965 million (SEK 3,189 m). Interest rate swaps are used to hedge loans with floating interest rate, while foreign exchange swaps are used to eliminate the currency exposure that arises when bonds are issued Norwegian krone.

The unrealised change in the value of derivatives for the quarter amounted to SEK -252 million (SEK 838 m) as a result of falling long rates. The surplus book value of the derivatives portfolio totalled SEK 1,038 million (SEK 1,513 m) at the end of the quarter.

Credit rating

In the light of rising market interest rates and financing costs, and an assessment that property prices are falling on the market, Moody's took the decision to confirm Atrium Ljungberg's Baa2 rating, but changed its outlook from stable to negative. The reason for this is the challenges facing both the interest coverage ratio and loan-to-value ratio.

Interest rate duration, SEK million

| | | | Average |
|----------|--------|---------------|-------------------|
| Duration | Volume | Percentage, % | interest, $\%$ 1) |
| 2023 | 3,067 | 13 | 1.1 |
| 2024 | 1,994 | 8 | 2.1 |
| 2025 | 2,250 | 9 | 2.3 |
| 2026 | 2,704 | 11 | 1.9 |
| 2027 | 4,050 | 17 | 2.7 |
| >2027 | 10,401 | 42 | 2.6 |
| Total | 24,466 | 100 | 2.3 |

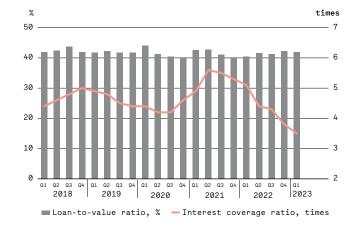
¹⁾ The average credit margin for variable loans is distributed over the maturity duration of the interest derivatives. Average interest is recognised excluding the cost of unutilised lines of credit.

Loan-to-value maturity, SEK million

| Total | 10.415 | 14.051 | 24.466 | 100 | 32.406 |
|----------|--------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| >2027 | 5,155 | 494 | 5,649 | 23 | 5,648 |
| 2027 | 1,915 | 3,140 | 5,055 | 21 | 5,055 |
| 2026 | 197 | 3,236 | 3,433 | 14 | 5,383 |
| 2025 | 3,148 | 2,799 | 5,947 | 24 | 10,437 |
| 2024 | 0 | 1,794 | 1,794 | 7 | 3,294 |
| 2023 | 0 | 2,589 | 2,589 | 11 | 2,589 |
| Duration | loans | market | ities | age, % | ments |
| | Bank | Capital | liabil- | cent- | agree- |
| | | | Total | Per- | credit |
| | | | | | Iota⊥ |

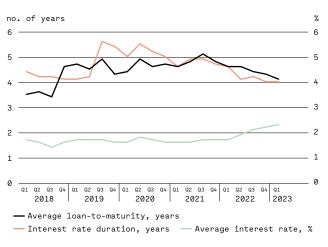
Loan-to-value ratio and interest coverage ratio, rolling 12-month period

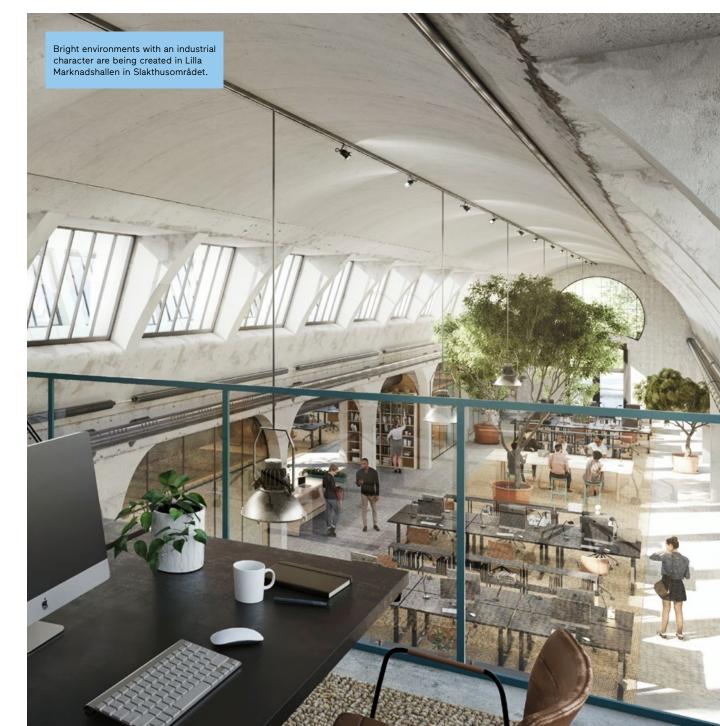
- Rising market rates impact the interest coverage ratio



Average closing interest rate, and loan-to-value maturity and interest rate duration

 Rising market rates gradually impact the loan rate, but the duration remains around 4 years





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Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2022/2023 | 2022 |
|---|---------|---------|-----------|---------|
| Amounts in SEK m | Jan-Mar | Jan-Mar | Apr-Mar | Jan-Dec |
| Rental income | 712 | 600 | 2,663 | 2,550 |
| Project and construction work sales | 84 | 56 | 284 | 255 |
| Net sales | 796 | 655 | 2,947 | 2,806 |
| Property management costs | | | | |
| Service charge-related costs | -69 | -55 | -213 | -199 |
| Other operating costs | -45 | -48 | -195 | -199 |
| Management costs | -43 | -41 | -179 | -177 |
| Repairs | -9 | -8 | -41 | -41 |
| Property tax | -55 | -53 | -217 | -214 |
| Non-deductible VAT | -4 | -4 | -13 | -14 |
| | -224 | -209 | -858 | -843 |
| Project and construction work costs | -85 | -62 | -306 | -282 |
| Gross profit | 487 | 384 | 1,783 | 1,680 |
| - property management (operating surplus) | 489 | 391 | 1,805 | 1,707 |
| - project and construction work | -1 | -6 | -22 | -27 |
| Central administration | -17 | -22 | -86 | -91 |
| - property management | -15 | -20 | -72 | -76 |
| - project and construction work | -2 | -3 | -14 | -15 |
| Net interest | -134 | -72 | -485 | -423 |
| Leasehold fees | -10 | -9 | -41 | -39 |
| Profit from property management | 326 | 281 | 1,171 | 1,127 |
| Changes in value | | | | |
| Properties, unrealised | -401 | 1,309 | 961 | 2,671 |
| Properties, realised | -6 | 10 | 1 | 18 |
| Goodwill impairment | -24 | _ | -24 | _ |
| Income from sales of development properties | _ | _ | 329 | 329 |
| Costs from sales of development properties | 3 | _ | -275 | -278 |
| Derivatives, unrealised | -252 | 838 | 436 | 1,526 |
| Profit before tax | -355 | 2,439 | 2,599 | 5,393 |
| Current tax | -10 | -10 | -3 | -3 |
| Deferred tax | 73 | -559 | -470 | -1,102 |
| Profit for the period | -292 | 1,870 | 2,126 | 4,288 |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | -292 | 1,870 | 2,126 | 4,288 |

The profit/loss for the period and the total comprehensive income for the period are entirely attributable to the parent company's shareholders.

| Average number of shares | 126,106 | 126,301 | 126,166 | 126,215 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Earnings per share before and after dilution, SEK | -2.32 | 14.81 | 16.85 | 33.97 |

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Segment reporting.

2023 Jan-Mar

| | | Project | | Project and | - | Non- | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|----------|---------|-------------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | develop- | | construc- | Elimina- | allocated | |
| Amounts in SEK m | Properties | ment 1) | TL Bygg | tion work | tions | items | The Group |
| Rental income | 728 | - | - | - | -16 | - | 712 |
| Project and construction work sales | - | - | 209 | 209 | -125 | - | 84 |
| Net sales | 728 | - | 209 | 209 | -141 | - | 796 |
| Property management costs | -234 | - | - | - | 10 | - | -224 |
| Project and construction work costs | - | -6 | -200 | -205 | 120 | - | -85 |
| Gross profit | 495 | -6 | 9 | 4 | -11 | - | 487 |
| Central administration | -20 | -2 | _ | -2 | 5 | _ | -17 |
| Net interest | - | - | 1 | - | -1 | -134 | -134 |
| Leasehold fees | -10 | - | - | - | - | - | -10 |
| Profit from property management | 464 | -8 | 10 | 2 | -7 | -134 | 326 |
| Changes in value ^{2) 3)} | -432 | 3 | - | 3 | _ | -252 | -681 |
| Tax | - | - | _ | - | _ | 63 | 63 |
| Profit for the period | 33 | -5 | 10 | 5 | -7 | -323 | -292 |
| Investments and acquisitions | 349 | 118 | _ | 118 | _ | _ | 466 |
| Assets, at the end of the period | 58,143 | 1,527 | 288 | 1,815 | _ | 2,302 | 62,260 |

2022 Jan-Mar

| | | Project | | Project and | | Non- | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|----------|---------|-------------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | develop- | | construc- | Elimina- | allocated | |
| Amounts in SEK m | Properties | ment 1) | TL Bygg | tion work | tions | items | The Group |
| Rental income | 609 | - | _ | - | -10 | - | 600 |
| Project and construction work sales | - | - | 162 | 162 | -106 | - | 56 |
| Net sales | 609 | - | 162 | 162 | -116 | - | 655 |
| Property management costs | -216 | | - | - | 7 | - | -209 |
| Project and construction work costs | - | -10 | -152 | -162 | 100 | - | -62 |
| Gross profit | 393 | -10 | 10 | 0 | -9 | - | 384 |
| Central administration | -19 | -1 | -3 | -3 | 0 | - | -22 |
| Net interest | - | - | _ | - | - | -71 | -71 |
| Leasehold fees | -9 | - | _ | - | - | - | -9 |
| Profit from property management | 365 | -11 | 7 | -3 | -8 | -71 | 281 |
| Changes in value 2) 3) | 1,319 | - | - | - | - | 838 | 2,157 |
| Tax | _ | - | - | - | _ | -569 | -569 |
| Profit for the period | 1,684 | -11 | 7 | -3 | -8 | 198 | 1,870 |
| Investments and acquisitions | 406 | 57 | - | 58 | - | - | 464 |
| Assets, at the end of the period | 53,349 | 1,311 | 243 | 1,554 | - | 1,907 | 56,810 |

¹⁾ The profit within project development mainly refers to costs of investigations at early project stages and ongoing development projects.

²⁾ Properties, unrealised SEK -401 million (SEK 1,309 m). Properties, realised SEK -6 million (SEK 10 m). Impairment of goodwill SEK -24 million (-).

³⁾ Unrealised change in value, derivatives SEK -252 million (SEK 838 m).

Comments on the consolidated earnings January-March 2023.

Changes in the property portfolio

The earnings for the period and the comparison period were impacted by the following previous property transactions: the acquisition of Blästern 15 in Hagastaden, which was taken into possession on 1 June 2022; as well as the acquisition of Kylhuset 28, Palmfelt Center, in Slakthusområdet, which were taken into possession on 28 April 2022. On 2 May 2022, Sicklaön 87:1, Svindersvik in Nacka was vacated, while Skotten 6 on Drottninggatan in Stockholm was vacated on 31 January 2023.

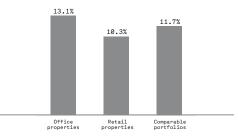
Rental income

Rental income amounted to SEK 712 million (SEK 600 m) and includes both rebates of SEK -18 million (SEK -19 m) as well as a non-recurring payment of SEK 2 million (SEK 10 m) for the early termination of lease contracts.

Rental income in comparable portfolios increased by 11.7%. This increase is mostly due to indexation, lower vacancies and the completed renegotiations. The re-invoicing of electricity also increased as a result of higher costs. All segments have reported positive growth.

| Rental income, SEK m | 2023 Jan-Mar | 2022 Jan-Mar | Change, % |
|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Comparable portfolios | 587 | 525 | 11.7% |
| Non-recurring payments | 2 | 10 | |
| Project properties | 67 | 48 | |
| Properties acquired | 50 | 0 | |
| Properties sold | 7 | 16 | |
| Total | 712 | 600 | 18.8% |

Rental income growth in comparable portfolios



Property costs

Property costs amounted to SEK 224 million (SEK 209 m). In terms of comparable portfolios, property costs increased by 5.1%, primarily due to higher costs for electricity, of which more than half is re-invoiced to customers. This is why the impact on earnings is limited.

| | 2023 | 2022 | |
|-----------------------|---------|---------|-----------|
| Property costs, SEK m | Jan-Mar | Jan-Mar | Change, % |
| Comparable portfolios | -179 | -170 | 5.1% |
| Project properties | -29 | -32 | |
| Properties acquired | -13 | 0 | |
| Properties sold | -3 | -7 | |
| Total | -224 | -209 | 7.1% |

Earnings for project and construction work

Income from project and construction work is attributable to TL Bygg AB. TL Bygg's income is recognised over time through the percentage-of-completion method; 41% of income is from agreements with invoicing on open account, while the rest is fixed-price assignments.

Gross profit/loss profit for project and construction work amounted to SEK -1 million (SEK -6 m). Sales in TL Bygg amounted to SEK 209 million (SEK 162 m), of which 60% (66%) refers to intra-Group sales. TL Bygg's gross profit, including intra-Group transactions, amounted to SEK 9 million (SEK 10 m).

Central administration

Central administration covers the costs for the executive management team and central support functions. Central administration costs for property management amounted to SEK 15 million (SEK 20 m) and SEK 2 million (SEK 3 m) for project and construction work. The lower costs for central administration are mostly due to restructuring and organisational changes.

Net financial items

Our reported net interest amounted to SEK –134 million (SEK –72 m) and was impacted by capitalised interest of SEK 21 million (SEK 23 m). Net interest increased by approximately SEK 20 million as a result of a higher loan volume; by approximately SEK 40 million as a result of higher interest rates; and SEK 2 million as a result of lower capitalised interest. Average interest, based on the average debt volume, amounted to 2.4% (1.8%) during the period. In addition, costs for leasehold fees amounted to SEK 10 million (SEK 9 m).

Changes in value

The start of 2023 saw market rates continuing to rise with credit margins higher than they were one year previously. It is our assessment that higher financing costs will cause yield requirements to continue to rise on the market, which we have reflected in our portfolio by increasing valuation yield by approximately 10 bp. Higher yield requirements have partly been offset by a better cash flow, which is mostly due to positive net letting and a higher index assumption for 2023 (from 4% at the beginning of the year to 5% in Q1) as inflation has not turned the corner yet. This meant that the unrealised changes in volume for the period amounted to SEK –401 million (SEK 1,308 m), or –0.7% (2.6%).

Realised changes in the value of investment properties amounted to SEK -6 million (SEK -10 m) and were attributable to the sale of Skotten 6, which was vacated on 31 January 2023.

The impairment of goodwill amounted to SEK –24 million (SEK 0 m), attributable to the sale of the Skotten 6.

The costs for selling development properties are attributable to the sale of the tenant-owned dwelling building Brf Konstharts in Nobelberget in Sickla in the third quarter of 2022.

Unrealised changes in the value of derivatives amounted to SEK -252 million (SEK 838 m), primarily as a result of falling long rates.

| Changes in the value of properties, SEK m | 2023 Jan-Mar | 2022 Jan-Mar |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Yield requirement | -729 | 661 |
| Cash flow, etc. | 318 | 45 |
| Project returns | 10 | 602 |
| Acquisitions | 0 | 0 |
| Unrealised change in value | -401 | 1,308 |
| Ditto in % | -0.7% | 2.6% |
| Realised change in value | -6 | 10 |
| Total changes in value | -407 | 1,318 |
| Ditto in % | -0.7% | 2.6% |

Tax

Tax amounted to SEK 63 million (SEK -569 m), with SEK -10 million (SEK -10 m) in current tax, while the rest refers to deferred tax. Tax has been calculated using a nominal tax rate of 20.6%.

| | Current | Deferred |
|--|---------|----------|
| Tax calculation Jan-Mar 2023, SEK m | tax | tax |
| Profit from property management | 326 | |
| Non-deductible interest | 39 | |
| Tax deductible | | |
| - Depreciation/amortisation | -247 | 247 |
| - Reconstruction work | -36 | 36 |
| - Capitalised interest | -21 | 21 |
| Other fiscal adjustments | -3 | 6 |
| Taxable profit/loss | 57 | 310 |
| Current tax | -12 | |
| Sale of properties | - | 31 |
| Changes in value, properties | - | -401 |
| Change in value of derivatives | 37 | -302 |
| - Of which non deductible | -37 | - |
| Taxable profit/loss before loss carry-forwards | 57 | -362 |
| Loss carry-forwards | | |
| - Opening balance | -7 | 7 |
| - Closing balance | -0 | 0 |
| Taxable profit | 50 | -354 |
| Reported tax expense | -10 | 73 |



Consolidated balance sheet, summary

| Amounts in SEK m | 31 Mar 2023 | 31 Mar 2022 3 | 1 Dec 2022 |
|--|-------------|---------------|------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Investment properties | 56,726 | 52,050 | 58,596 |
| Right-of-use asset, leaseholds | 1,277 | 1,134 | 1,277 |
| Goodwill | 140 | 165 | 165 |
| Other non-current assets | 287 | 42 | 106 |
| Derivatives | 1,275 | 897 | 1,572 |
| Total non-current assets | 59,705 | 54,288 | 61,717 |
| Development properties | 1,527 | 1,311 | 1,409 |
| Current assets | 612 | 566 | 391 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 416 | 645 | 380 |
| Total current assets | 2,555 | 2,522 | 2,181 |
| Total assets | 62,260 | 56,810 | 63,898 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| Equity | 28,182 | 26,752 | 29,141 |
| Deferred tax liability | 6,295 | 6,122 | 6,661 |
| Non-current interest-bearing liabilities | 24,466 | 21,548 | 25,389 |
| Non-current finance lease liability | 1,277 | 1,134 | 1,277 |
| Derivatives | 237 | 37 | 59 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 297 | 272 | 295 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 32,572 | 29,113 | 33,682 |
| Other current liabilities | 1,507 | 944 | 1,074 |
| Total current liabilities | 1,507 | 944 | 1,074 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 62,260 | 56,810 | 63,898 |

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Consolidated change in equity.

| | Attributable to the parent company shareholders | | | | |
|--|---|---------------|----------------|--------------|--|
| | Share | Other capital | Profit brought | | |
| Amounts in SEK m | capital | contributions | forward | Total equity | |
| Opening balance as of 1 January 2022 | 333 | 3,960 | 21,248 | 25,541 | |
| Profit for the period | - | - | 1,870 | 1,870 | |
| Acquisition of own shares | - | - | -2 | -2 | |
| Dividend, SEK 5.20/share | - | - | -657 | -657 | |
| Closing balance as of 31 March 2022 | 333 | 3,960 | 22,459 | 26,752 | |
| Profit for the period | - | - | 2,418 | 2,418 | |
| Acquisition of own shares | - | - | -28 | -28 | |
| Closing balance as of 31 December 2022 | 333 | 3,960 | 24,848 | 29,141 | |
| Doefit for the period | | | -292 | -292 | |
| Profit for the period | _ | _ | | | |
| Dividend, SEK 5.30/share | | | -668 | -668 | |
| Closing balance as of 31 March 2023 | 333 | 3,960 | 23,887 | 28,182 | |

There are a total of 133,220,736 (133,220,736) shares, of which 4,000,000 (4,000,000) are class A shares and 129,220,736 (129,220,736) are class B shares. One class A share grants entitlement to ten votes and one class B share grants entitlement to one vote.

At the end of the period the company owned 7,114,875 class B shares (7,114,875). As of 31 March 2023, the number of outstanding shares amounted to 126,105,861 (126,105,861), while the average number of shares amounted to 126,215,257 (126,301,278) for the quarter.

Comments on the consolidated financial position 31 March 2023.

Properties

At the end of the period the property portfolio amounted to SEK 58,253 million (SEK 60,006 m), broken down into SEK 1,527 million (SEK 1,409 m) for development properties and SEK 56,726 million (SEK 58,596 m) for investment properties. Investment properties have been valued at approximately SEK 57,315/m² with an average valuation yield of 4.5% (4.4%). For more information, see the sections on Property Portfolio and Project Development.

Goodwill

Goodwill amounted to SEK 140 million (SEK 165 m) at the end of the period. This change is attributable to the sale of the Skotten 6 property. Goodwill relates to deferred tax and originates from Atrium Fastigheter's merger with Ljungberggruppen in 2006. Goodwill is primarily impaired in the event of a major downturn in the property market or when the properties in the aforementioned transaction are sold.

Leases

Atrium Ljungberg has 18 leaseholds, which are considered to be leases for accounting purposes. The value of rent in kind is measured and recognised as an asset; as a right-of-use asset with a corresponding liability. As of the closing date, the value of our leases amounted to SEK 1,277 million (SEK 1,277 m).

Associated companies

Atrium Ljungberg acquired 50% of the shares in A house in March 2023. The book value as of 31 March 2023 amounted to SEK 21 million and is recognised in Other non-current assets in the consolidated balance sheet.

Equity and net value

The Group's equity attributable to the parent company's shareholders amounted to SEK 28,182 million (SEK 29,141 m) at the end of the period, corresponding to SEK 223/ share (SEK 231/share).

The long-term net asset value amounted to SEK 33,632 million (SEK 34,125 m) at the end of the quarter, corresponding to SEK 267 per share (SEK 271/share); A decrease of 0.5%, adjusted for the dividend, compared with the start of the year.

The net asset value is the total capital that the company manages for its owners. Based on this capital, we want to create a yield and growth with low risk-taking. The net asset value can be calculated in different ways and it is mostly the time factor and the turnover rate in the property portfolio that have an impact.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is in principle both interest-free and amortisation-free, which means that it can mostly be considered to be equity. The reason why effective tax is lower is due to the option to sell properties in a tax-efficient way, and the fact that the time factor enables the tax to be discounted. The assessed actual deferred tax liabilities have been calculated at approximately 6% net based on a discount rate of 3%. It has also been assumed that loss carry-forwards are realised over the period of one year with a nominal tax of approximately 20.6%; and that properties are realised over a period of 50 years where 100% of the portfolio is sold indirectly via companies, with the purchasers and sellers splitting the tax.

Net deferred tax liabilities 31 March 2023

| | | Tax liabi | ilities | |
|--------------------------------|----------|-----------|---------|--|
| SEK m | Deferred | Nominal | Actual | |
| Loss carry-forwards | -0 | -0 | -0 | |
| Derivatives, etc. | 1,255 | 258 | 251 | |
| Properties | 37,169 | 7,657 | 1,970 | |
| Total | 38,423 | 7,915 | 2,221 | |
| Properties, asset deals | -7,866 | 1,620 | - | |
| According to the balance sheet | 30,556 | 6,295 | - | |

Interest-bearing liabilities and derivatives

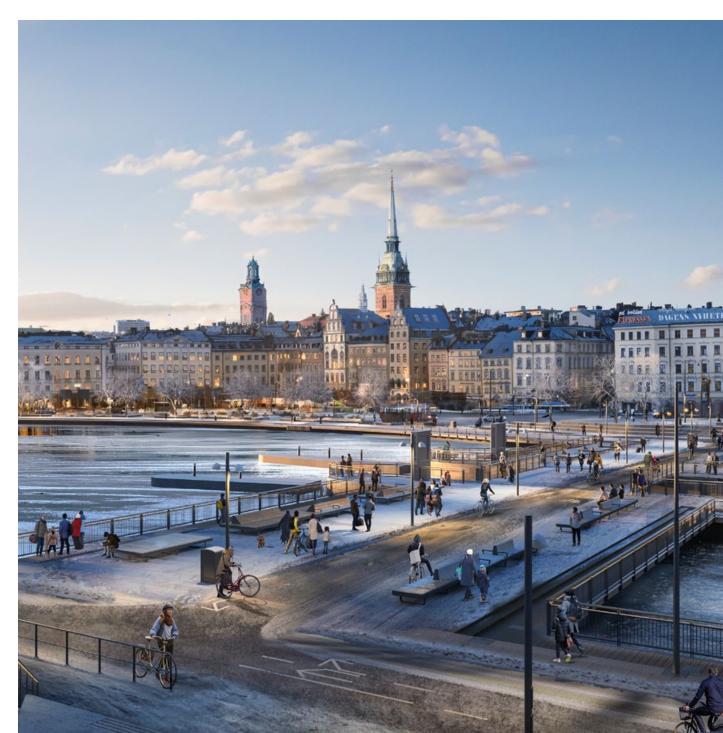
At the end of the period interest-bearing liabilities amounted to SEK 24,466 million (SEK 25,389 m) with a average closing interest rate of 2.3% (2.2%). The loan-to-value ratio amounted to 42.0% (42.3%) at the same point in time. The company uses interest rate swaps to extend the interest rate duration and foreign exchange derivatives to hedge Norwegian bonds. The value of the derivative portfolio amounted to SEK 1,038 million (SEK 1,513 m) at the end of the period. For more information, read the section on Financing.





Cash flow statement Group.

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2022/2023 | 2022 |
|---|---------|---------|-----------|---------|
| Amounts in SEK m | Jan-Mar | Jan-Mar | Apr-Mar | Jan-Dec |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Profit from property management | 326 | 281 | 1,171 | 1,127 |
| Reversal of depreciation, amortisation and impairment | 3 | 4 | 13 | 14 |
| Other items not included in the cash flow | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Tax paid | -37 | 79 | -120 | -4 |
| Cash flow from operating activities before changes in working | 292 | 366 | 1,065 | 1,139 |
| capital | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Net change in working capital | -92 | -241 | 579 | 429 |
| Cash flow from operating activities | 200 | 125 | 1,643 | 1,568 |
| | | | | |
| INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Acquisition of investment properties | - | - | -3,674 | -3,674 |
| Investments in held properties/tenant-owned dwelling projects | -466 | -463 | -2,352 | -2,349 |
| Sale of properties | 1,519 | 10 | 1,576 | 67 |
| Investment in financial non-current assets | -182 | 49 | -246 | -14 |
| Purchase/sale of equipment | -1 | -6 | -8 | -13 |
| Cash flow from investment activities | 869 | -410 | -4,704 | -5,983 |
| | | | | |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Change in other non-current liabilities | 0 | 5 | 23 | 28 |
| Loans raised | 1,991 | 2,706 | 11,511 | 12,226 |
| Repayment of debts | -2,690 | -1,841 | -8,340 | -7,491 |
| Dividends paid | -334 | -657 | -334 | -657 |
| Buy-back of own shares | 0 | -2 | -28 | -30 |
| Cash flow from financing activities | -1,033 | 210 | 2,832 | 4,076 |
| | | | | |
| Cash flow for the period | 36 | -74 | -229 | -339 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period | 380 | 719 | 645 | 719 |
| Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the period | 416 | 645 | 416 | 380 |
| | | | | |



The parent company.

The parent company's operations comprise Group-wide functions and the organisation for the management of the properties owned by the parent company and the subsidiaries.

Net sales amounted to SEK 78 million (SEK 71 m). The operating profit/loss amounted to SEK -14 million (SEK -16 m).

Profit after financial items amounted to SEK 116 million (SEK 125 m). Net financial expenses include an unrealised change in value attributable to derivatives that amounted to SEK –178 million (SEK 201 m).

Interest-bearing liabilities amounted to SEK 17,759 million (SEK 17,796 m). These funds finance the parent company's property portfolio and are lent on to other Group companies.

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2022/2023 | 2022 |
|---|---------|---------|-----------|---------|
| Amounts in SEK m | Jan-Mar | Jan-Mar | Apr-Mar | Jan-Dec |
| Rental income | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 |
| Management income | 78 | 70 | 364 | 356 |
| Net sales | 78 | 71 | 368 | 360 |
| Property costs | -0 | -1 | -2 | -3 |
| Management/administration expenses | -91 | -85 | -421 | -414 |
| Capital gain/loss from sale of properties | _ | - | 0 | 0 |
| Depreciation | -1 | -1 | -4 | -5 |
| Operating profit | -14 | -16 | -59 | -62 |
| Earnings from shares in Group companies | 0 | _ | 728 | 728 |
| Interest income, etc. | 248 | 351 | 777 | 879 |
| Interest expenses, etc. | -118 | -210 | -445 | -537 |
| Profit after financial items | 116 | 125 | 1,000 | 1,008 |
| Appropriations | 1 | 1 | 50 | 51 |
| Profit before tax | 117 | 126 | 1,051 | 1,059 |
| Current tax | -1 | - | -1 | - |
| Deferred tax | 0 | -34 | -1 | -35 |
| Profit for the period | 116 | 91 | 1,049 | 1,024 |

| Amounts in SEK m | 31 Mar 2023 | 31 Mar 2022 | 31 Dec 2022 |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 5 | 7 | 5 |
| Financial fixed assets | 1,717 | 1,326 | 1,556 |
| Current assets | 26,742 | 24,103 | 26,979 |
| Total assets | 28,463 | 25,436 | 28,540 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| Equity | 9,953 | 9,599 | 10,504 |
| Untaxed reserves | 2 | 5 | 3 |
| Provisions | 21 | 19 | 20 |
| Non-current liabilities | 17,997 | 15,724 | 17,855 |
| Current liabilities | 491 | 89 | 158 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 28,463 | 25,436 | 28,540 |

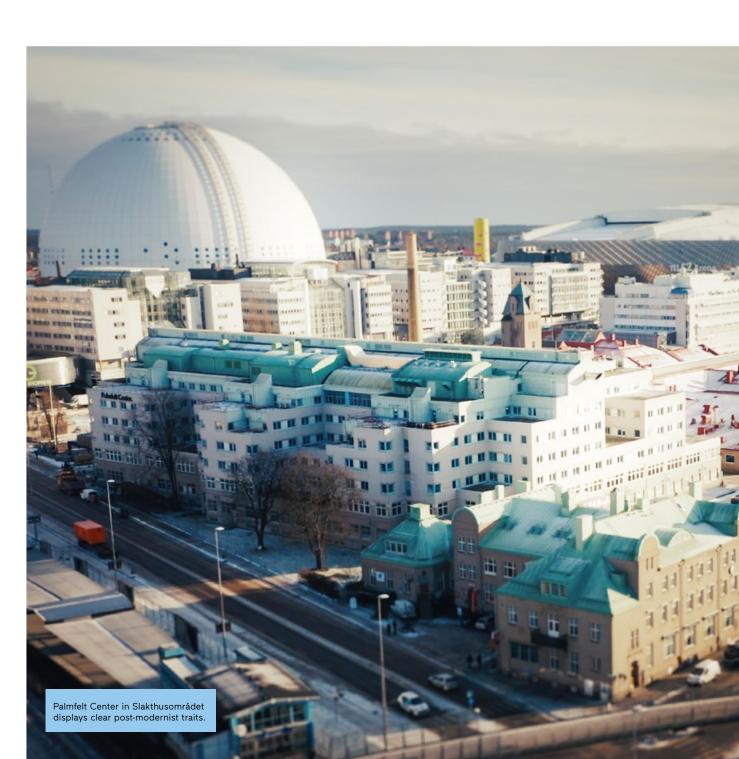


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Key performance indicators. 1)

| PROPERTY-RELATED KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS | 2023 Jan-Mar | 2022 Jan-Mar | 2022/2023 Apr-Mar | 2022 Jan-Dec |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| Rental value, SEK/m ² | 3,441 | 3,084 | 3,441 | 3,445 |
| Economic letting rate, % | 93 | 91 | 93 | 93 |
| Operating surplus margin, % | 69 | 65 | 68 | 67 |
| Property value, SEK/m ² | 57,315 | 54,926 | 57,315 | 58,931 |
| Valuation yield, % | 4.5 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.4 |
| Letting area at the end of the period, '000 m² | 943 | 881 | 943 | 956 |
| Number of properties at the end of the period | 75 | 67 | 75 | 76 |
| FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS | | | | |
| Loan-to-value ratio, % | 42.0 | 40.4 | 42.0 | 42.3 |
| Interest coverage ratio | 3.5 | 4.9 | 3.5 | 3.8 |
| Net debt/EBITDA | 13.0 | 14.8 | 14.1 | 15.6 |
| Return on equity (annual rate), % | -4.1 | 28.6 | 7.7 | 15.7 |
| Return on total assets (annual rate), % | 0.2 | 12.0 | 4.4 | 7.3 |
| Average closing interest rate, % | 2.3 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 2.2 |
| Interest rate duration, year | 4.0 | 4.6 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| Loan-to-maturity, year | 4.1 | 4.6 | 4.1 | 4.3 |
| DATA PER SHARE | | | | |
| Profit from property management, SEK | 2.58 | 2.23 | 9.28 | 8.93 |
| Profit from property management after tax, SEK | 2.49 | 1.82 | 9.25 | 8.59 |
| Profit after tax, SEK | -2.32 | 14.81 | 16.85 | 33.97 |
| Long-term net asset value, SEK | 266.70 | 252.17 | 266.70 | 270.60 |
| Current net asset value 2), SEK | 249.09 | 243.98 | 249.09 | 251.81 |
| Disposal value, SEK | 219.08 | 209.85 | 219.08 | 223.46 |
| Dividend, SEK | - | - | - | 5.30 |
| Share price, SEK | 169.00 | 192.50 | 169.00 | 170.90 |
| Average number of outstanding shares, '000 | 126,106 | 126,301 | 126,166 | 126,215 |
| Number of outstanding shares at the end of the period, thousand $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) $ | 126,106 | 126,301 | 126,106 | 126,106 |
| EMPLOYEES | | | | |
| Average number of employees | 302 | 321 | 311 | 321 |

¹⁾ See the definitions on pages 27–28 and see the reconciliation for key performance indicators at www.al.se. ²⁾ For the calculation of the current net asset value, an estimated deferred tax of 6% has been used.





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Derivation of key performance indicators.

Atrium Ljungberg uses alternative KPIs that are not defined under IFRS, but are assessed as providing valuable, supplementary information when evaluating the financial development of the company.

Reconciliation with the financial statements is provided for the alternative KPIs that are not directly identifiable from the financial statements and have been assessed as being of material importance.

See also definitions on pages 27-28.

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2022/2023 | 2022 |
|--|---------|---------|-----------|---------|
| | Jan-Mar | Jan-Mar | Apr-Mar | Jan-Dec |
| NET WORTH | | | | |
| Number of outstanding shares, '000 | 126,106 | 126,301 | 126,106 | 126,106 |
| Equity | 28,182 | 26,752 | 28,182 | 29,141 |
| + Dividend declared, but not paid | 334 | _ | 334 | _ |
| - Derivatives | -1,038 | -860 | -1,038 | -1,513 |
| - Goodwill | -140 | -165 | -140 | -165 |
| - Deferred tax | 6,295 | 6,122 | 6,295 | 6,661 |
| Long-term net asset value | 33,632 | 31,849 | 33,632 | 34,125 |
| SEK/share | 266.70 | 252.17 | 266.70 | 270.60 |
| - Assessed actual deferred tax (see page 17) | -2,221 | -1,034 | -2,221 | -2,370 |
| Current net asset value | 31,411 | 30,815 | 31,411 | 31,755 |
| SEK/share | 249.09 | 243.98 | 249.09 | 251.81 |
| + Derivatives | 1,038 | 860 | 1,038 | 1,513 |
| - Deferred tax, net | -4,074 | -5,088 | -4,074 | -4,292 |
| - Interest-bearing liabilities | 24,466 | 21,548 | 24,466 | 25,389 |
| - Fair value interest-bearing liabilities | -25,214 | -21,631 | -25,214 | -26,186 |
| Disposal value | 27,628 | 26,505 | 27,628 | 28,180 |
| SEK/share | 219.08 | 209.85 | 219.08 | 223.46 |
| PROFIT FROM PROPERTY MANAGEMENT AFTER TAX | | | | |
| Profit from prop. management accord. to the income statement | 326 | 281 | 1,171 | 1,127 |
| - Current tax on profit from property management (see page 15) | -12 | -51 | -4 | -43 |
| Profit from property management after tax | 314 | 230 | 1,167 | 1,084 |
| Weighted average number of outstanding shares, '000 | 126,106 | 126,301 | 126,166 | 126,215 |
| SEK/share | 2.49 | 1.82 | 9.25 | 8.59 |

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2022/2023 | 2022 |
|--|---------|---------|-----------|----------------|
| Amounts in SEK m | Jan-Mar | Jan-Mar | Apr-Mar | Jan-Dec |
| | | | | |
| OPERATING SURPLUS MARGIN | | | | |
| Operating surplus | 489 | 391 | 1,805 | 1,707 |
| Rental income | 712 | 600 | 2,663 | 2,550 |
| Operating surplus margin, % | 69 | 65 | 68 | 67 |
| , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | | | |
| LOAN-TO-VALUE RATIO | | | | |
| Investment properties | 56,726 | 52,050 | 56,726 | 58,596 |
| + Development properties | 1,527 | 1,311 | 1,527 | 1,409 |
| Total properties | 58,253 | 53,361 | 58,253 | 60,006 |
| Interest-bearing liabilities | 24,466 | 21,548 | 24,466 | 25,389 |
| Loan-to-value ratio, % | 42.0 | 40.4 | 42.0 | 42.3 |
| INTEREST COVERAGE RATIO | | | | |
| Profit from prop. management according to the income statement | 326 | 281 | 1,171 | 1,127 |
| + Net interest income | 134 | 72 | 485 | 423 |
| + Income from sales of development properties | _ | _ | 329 | 329 |
| - Costs from sales of development properties | 3 | _ | -275 | -278 |
| Total | 463 | 353 | 1,711 | 1,601 |
| Net interest income | 134 | 72 | 485 | 423 |
| Interest coverage ratio | 3.5 | 4.9 | 3.5 | 3.8 |
| | | | | |
| NET DEBT/EBITDA (Debt ratio) | | | | |
| Interest-bearing liabilities | 24,466 | 21,548 | 24,466 | 25,389 |
| - Cash and cash equivalents | -416 | -645 | -416 | -380 |
| Net debt | 24,050 | 20,904 | 24,050 | 25,010 |
| Gross profit | 487 | 384 | 1,783 | 1,680 |
| - Central administration | -17 | -22 | -86 | -91 |
| - Leasehold fees | -10 | -9 | -41 | -39 |
| + Income from sales of development properties | _ | _ | 329 | 329 |
| Costs from sales of development properties | 3 | - | -275 | -278 |
| EBITDA | 463 | 353 | 1,711 | 1,601 |
| Net debt/EBITDA (annual rate) | 13.0 | 14.8 | 14.1 | 15.6 |
| YIELD MEASURES | | | | |
| Drafit for the region | 202 | 1 070 | 0 100 | <i>l</i> : 000 |
| Profit for the period | -292 | 1,870 | 2,126 | 4,288 |
| Equity, average | 28,662 | 26,147 | 27,467 | 27,341 |
| Yield equity, % (annual rate) | -4.1 | 28.6 | 7.7 | 15.7 |
| Profit for the period before tax | -355 | 2,439 | 2,599 | 5,393 |
| + Net interest income | 134 | 72 | 485 | 423 |
| + Derivatives, unrealised | 252 | -838 | -436 | -1,526 |
| Profit | 31 | 1,672 | 2,649 | 4,290 |
| Total assets, average | 63,079 | 55,547 | 59,535 | 59,091 |
| Return on total assets, % (annual rate) | 0.2 | 12.0 | 4.4 | 7.3 |

Quarterly summary.

INCOME STATEMENTS

| 2023 | 2022 | 2022 | 2022 | 2022 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 |
|------|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|
| Q1 | Q4 | Q3 | Q2 | Q1 | Q4 | Q3 | Q2 |
| 712 | 672 | 661 | 619 | 600 | 600 | 555 | 565 |
| 84 | 101 | 50 | 49 | 56 | 95 | 88 | 103 |
| 796 | 773 | 710 | 667 | 655 | 695 | 643 | 667 |
| -224 | -227 | -216 | -191 | -209 | -193 | -167 | -177 |
| -85 | -102 | -57 | -62 | -62 | -103 | -98 | -97 |
| 487 | 444 | 438 | 414 | 384 | 399 | 378 | 393 |
| 489 | 444 | 445 | 427 | 391 | 407 | 388 | 388 |
| -1 | -1 | -7 | -13 | -6 | -8 | -10 | 5 |
| -17 | -21 | -21 | -27 | -22 | -27 | -25 | -24 |
| -15 | -18 | -17 | -22 | -20 | -25 | -20 | -20 |
| -2 | -3 | -4 | -5 | -3 | -2 | -4 | -4 |
| -144 | -137 | -126 | -119 | -80 | -68 | -91 | -87 |
| 326 | 286 | 291 | 268 | 281 | 304 | 263 | 281 |
| | | | | | | | |
| -401 | -1,467 | 87 | 2,742 | 1,309 | 1,448 | 461 | 964 |
| -6 | -0 | -3 | 11 | 10 | -6 | 0 | -15 |
| -24 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | 329 | - | - | - | - | 379 |
| - | -5 | -273 | - | - | - | -1 | -288 |
| -252 | -90 | 91 | 686 | 838 | 63 | 72 | 43 |
| -355 | -1,276 | 522 | 3,708 | 2,439 | 1,809 | 795 | 1,364 |
| 63 | 259 | -90 | -704 | -569 | -370 | -168 | -226 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | 91 712 84 796 -224 -85 487 489 -1 -17 -15 -2 -144 326 -401 -6 -24252 -355 | Q1 Q4 712 672 84 101 796 773 -224 -227 -85 -102 487 444 489 444 -1 -1 -15 -18 -2 -3 -144 -137 326 286 -401 -1,467 -6 -0 -24 - - -5 -252 -90 -355 -1,276 | Q1 Q4 Q3 712 672 661 84 101 50 796 773 710 -224 -227 -216 -85 -102 -57 487 444 438 489 444 445 -1 -1 -7 -15 -18 -17 -2 -3 -4 -144 -137 -126 326 286 291 -401 -1,467 87 -6 -0 -3 -24 - - - -329 - -5 -273 -252 -90 91 -355 -1,276 522 | Q1 Q4 Q3 Q2 712 672 661 619 84 101 50 49 796 773 710 667 -224 -227 -216 -191 -85 -102 -57 -62 487 444 438 414 489 444 445 427 -1 -1 -7 -13 -17 -21 -21 -27 -15 -18 -17 -22 -2 -3 -4 -5 -144 -137 -126 -119 326 286 291 268 -401 -1,467 87 2,742 -6 -0 -3 11 -24 - - - - -329 - - -5 -273 - - -252 -90 91 686 | Q1 Q4 Q3 Q2 Q1 712 672 661 619 600 84 101 50 49 56 796 773 710 667 655 -224 -227 -216 -191 -209 -85 -102 -57 -62 -62 487 444 438 414 384 489 444 445 427 391 -1 -1 -7 -13 -6 -17 -21 -21 -27 -22 -15 -18 -17 -22 -20 -2 -3 -4 -5 -3 -144 -137 -126 -119 -80 326 286 291 268 281 -401 -1,467 87 2,742 1,309 -6 -0 -3 11 10 -24 - - <td>Q1 Q4 Q3 Q2 Q1 Q4 712 672 661 619 600 600 84 101 50 49 56 95 796 773 710 667 655 695 -224 -227 -216 -191 -209 -193 -85 -102 -57 -62 -62 -103 487 444 438 414 384 399 489 444 445 427 391 407 -1 -1 -7 -13 -6 -8 -17 -21 -27 -22 -27 -15 -18 -17 -22 -20 -25 -2 -3 -4 -5 -3 -2 -144 -137 -126 -119 -80 -68 326 286 291 268 281 304 -401 -1</td> <td>Q1 Q4 Q3 Q2 Q1 Q4 Q3 712 672 661 619 600 600 555 84 101 50 49 56 95 88 796 773 710 667 655 695 643 -224 -227 -216 -191 -209 -193 -167 -85 -102 -57 -62 -62 -103 -98 487 444 438 414 384 399 378 489 444 445 427 391 407 388 -1 -1 -7 -13 -6 -8 -10 -17 -21 -21 -27 -22 -27 -25 -15 -18 -17 -22 -20 -25 -20 -2 -3 -4 -5 -3 -2 -4 -144 -137 -12</td> | Q1 Q4 Q3 Q2 Q1 Q4 712 672 661 619 600 600 84 101 50 49 56 95 796 773 710 667 655 695 -224 -227 -216 -191 -209 -193 -85 -102 -57 -62 -62 -103 487 444 438 414 384 399 489 444 445 427 391 407 -1 -1 -7 -13 -6 -8 -17 -21 -27 -22 -27 -15 -18 -17 -22 -20 -25 -2 -3 -4 -5 -3 -2 -144 -137 -126 -119 -80 -68 326 286 291 268 281 304 -401 -1 | Q1 Q4 Q3 Q2 Q1 Q4 Q3 712 672 661 619 600 600 555 84 101 50 49 56 95 88 796 773 710 667 655 695 643 -224 -227 -216 -191 -209 -193 -167 -85 -102 -57 -62 -62 -103 -98 487 444 438 414 384 399 378 489 444 445 427 391 407 388 -1 -1 -7 -13 -6 -8 -10 -17 -21 -21 -27 -22 -27 -25 -15 -18 -17 -22 -20 -25 -20 -2 -3 -4 -5 -3 -2 -4 -144 -137 -12 |

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS 1)

| REI TER GRIANGE ENDEGRICAGO | | 0000 | 0000 | 0000 | 0000 | 0001 | 0004 | 0004 |
|--|---------|------------|---------|---------|---------|------------|---------|---------|
| Burney by a district box of the second secon | 2023 | 2022 Q4 | 2022 | 2022 | 2022 | 2021 Q4 | 2021 | 2021 |
| Property-related key performance indicators | Q1 | | Q3 | Q2 | Q1 | | Q3 | Q2 |
| Rental value, SEK/m ² | 3,441 | | | 3,204 | 3,084 | 3,093 | • | 3,013 |
| Economic letting rate, % | 93 | 93 | 92 | 92 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| Operating surplus margin, % | 69 | 66 | 67 | 69 | 65 | 68 | 70 | 69 |
| Property value, SEK/m ² | 57,315 | , | 60,076 | 59,871 | 54,926 | 54,167 | 52,197 | 51,990 |
| Valuation yield, % | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| Letting area at the end of the period, '000 m² | 943 | 956 | 957 | 881 | 893 | 893 | 866 | 860 |
| Number of properties at the end of the period | 75 | 76 | 65 | 67 | 66 | 67 | 67 | 67 |
| Financial key performance indicators | | | | | | | | |
| Loan-to-value ratio, % | 42.0 | 42.3 | 41.3 | 41.6 | 40.4 | 39.9 | 41.1 | 42.7 |
| Interest coverage ratio R12 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 5.8 |
| Net debt/EBITDA R12 | 14.1 | 16.1 | 16.5 | 17.0 | 14.7 | 12.2 | 13.8 | 13.2 |
| Return on equity R12, % | 7.7 | 15.7 | 24.8 | 26.1 | 20.6 | 15.6 | 13.0 | 13.9 |
| Return on total assets R12, % | 4.4 | 7.3 | 12.2 | 12.7 | 10.5 | 8.8 | 7.4 | 7.5 |
| Average closing interest rate, % | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 |
| Interest rate duration, year | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 4.9 |
| Loan-to-maturity, year | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 5.1 | 4.8 |
| Data per share | | | | | | | | |
| Profit from property management, SEK | 2.58 | 2.26 | 2.30 | 2.12 | 2.23 | 2.41 | 2.08 | 2.22 |
| Profit from property management after tax, SEK | 2.49 | 2.46 | 2.29 | 2.00 | 1.82 | 2.39 | 2.00 | 2.26 |
| Earnings per share, SEK | -2.32 | -8.05 | 3.42 | 23.78 | 14.81 | 11.38 | 4.96 | 9.00 |
| Long-term net asset value, SEK | 266.70 | 270.60 | 280.08 | 277.14 | 252.17 | 245.73 | 232.13 | 226.62 |
| Current net asset value 2), SEK | 249.09 | 251.81 | 269.31 | 266.59 | 243.98 | 236.02 | 223.23 | 218.07 |
| Disposal value, SEK | 219.08 | 223.46 | 236.95 | 227.98 | 209.85 | 198.73 | 187.49 | 181.66 |
| Share price, SEK | 169.00 | 170.90 | 137.50 | 134.00 | 192.50 | 199.70 | 183.80 | 194.90 |
| Average number of shares, '000 | 126,106 | 126,417 | 126,264 | 126,301 | 126,301 | 126,415 | 126,477 | 126,553 |
| Number of outstanding shares at the end of the period, thousand | | ŕ | , | , | , | , | 126,417 | • |

¹⁾ See definitions on pages 27-28. For the reconciliation of key performance indicators, visit www.al.se.

²⁾ For the calculation of the current net asset value, an estimated deferred tax of 6% has been used.

Other information.

Profit from property management

From the first interim report of 2023, income and costs relating to the sale of tenant-owned dwellings will be recognised in Changes in value in the consolidated income statement, while a new term 'Profit from property management' has been introduced. The term 'Profit before changes in value' will therefore no longer be used. Previously, any profit from the tenant-owned dwelling business was recognised in Project and construction work sales and Project and construction work costs. For the full year 2022 this means that SEK 329 million has been moved from Project and construction sales to Income from sales of development properties and SEK -278 million was moved from Project and construction work costs to Costs from sales of development properties. The purpose of this change is to make it easier to monitor earnings as they come in.

Accounting policies

Atrium Ljungberg's consolidated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The Interim Report has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and the Swedish Annual Accounts Act. The Interim Report comprises pages 1–29, with pages 1–13 forming an integral part of this financial report. The parent company applies Swedish Financial Reporting Board's recommendation, RFR2 Accounting for Legal Entities, and the Swedish Annual Accounts Act. The accounting policies applied conform to those described in the 2022 Annual Report.

Recognising earnings from residential developments

Earnings from the sale of properties that are intended for sale to tenant-owned associations after completion are only recognised when the property has been completed and mostly occupied. Earnings are recognised gross in changes in value in the income statement in the rows Income from sales of development properties and Costs from sales of development properties.

Parent company's accounting policies

The parent company applies the same accounting policies as the Group with the exceptions and additions regulated in RFR2, Accounting for Legal Entities.

Instead of applying IFRS 16, the parent company applies RFR 2 (IFRS 16 pp. 2–12); as the parent company is the lessee, it means that lease payments are expensed on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The parent company recognises derivatives at the lower of cost and fair value. There are negative fair values as of 31 March 2023, which means that a liability of SEK 237 million (SEK 59 m) has been recognised in the balance sheet. A negative change in value of SEK –178 million (SEK 201 m) was recognised in the income statement in net financial expenses.

Valuation method for investment properties

Investment properties are valued at fair value in the Balance Sheet. The valuation took place in accordance with level 3 in the IFRS valuation hierarchy.

Valuation method for derivatives

Derivatives are valued at fair value in the balance sheet. Pursuant to the IFRS valuation hierarchy, the fair value of derivatives has been valued in accordance with level 2. This level means that the valuation is based on input data other than the listed prices, and which are observable for the asset or the liability, either directly or indirectly. The derivative agreements (ISDA agreements) include an option to net obligations in respect of the same counterparty.

Fair value interest-bearing liabilities

The Group's reported interest-bearing liabilities total SEK 24,466 million (SEK 25,389 m) and their fair value totals SEK 25,214 million (SEK 26,186 m). The fair value calculation is based on discounted estimated future cash flows. The discounting is carried out on the basis of current market rates plus the relevant borrowing margin. The valuation is hereby conducted with IFRS valuation hierarchy level 2. Atrium Ljungberg is of the opinion, with regard to other financial assets and liabilities recognised at amortised cost, that the differences between book values and fair values are insignificant.

Seasonal effects

The operating surplus is impacted by seasonal variations in operating costs. Generally, costs are higher during the first and last quarter of the year, primarily caused by higher costs of heating and property maintenance.

Alternative Performance Measures

Atrium Ljungberg applies the guidelines of the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA) on Alternative Performance Measures (APMs).

According to these guidelines, an APM is a financial measure of historical or future profit performance, financial position, financial results or cash flows which are not defined or stated in applicable rules for financial reporting; IFRS and the Swedish Annual Accounts Act.

Reconciliation of APMs for 2022 and earlier is available on Atrium Ljungberg's website, www.al.se. From Q1 2023, the reconciliation can be found in the section Derivation of key performance indicators on page 21.

Rounding off

Due to the effects of rounding off, figures presented in this interim report may not exactly match the totals in



certain cases, and percentages may differ from the exact percentages.

Comparison figures

The comparison figures in brackets refer to the corresponding period of the previous year, except in the sections that describe the financial position, where the comparison figures refer to the end of the previous year.

K3 figures

Atrium Ljungberg prepares its consolidated accounts in compliance with IFRS. If the company had prepared its consolidated accounts in compliance with K3, the following significant adjustments would have been made:

Income statement:

There would have been depreciation/amortisation of SEK -84 million; an unrealised change in the value of properties of SEK 401 million; while the realised change in the value of properties would have been adjusted by SEK 397 million. Goodwill impairment amounted to SEK 24 million. The change in the value of derivatives would have been adjusted by SEK 297 million and deferred tax by SEK -321 million. All of this combined would result in a change in profit of SEK 714 million.

Balance sheet:

Properties would not have been recognised at their fair value, in compliance with K3, which would have resulted in an adjustment of SEK –21,462 million for investment properties and SEK –482 million for development properties. Right-of-use assets and leasing liabilities for lease-holds would not apply and would therefore both have been adjusted by the same amount, SEK –1,277 million/SEK 1,277 million. Goodwill would have been completely amortised, resulting in a reduction of SEK –140 million. Derivatives valued using the lowest value principle would therefore have been adjusted for surplus values, corresponding to SEK –1,275 million. As a consequence of the

adjustments to the income statement and balance sheet, deferred tax would have been impacted by SEK -4,783 million and equity by SEK -18,577 million.

Market development, risks and uncertainties

Atrium Ljungberg's property portfolio, with office, retail and full-service environments, is located in strong subsidiary markets in the growth regions of Stockholm, Uppsala, Gothenburg and Malmö. The primary prioritised risk management areas, in light of both their complexity and size of the amounts involved, are letting, property valuation, project activities and financing. The company has good procedures for managing these risks and also has a strong financial position with strong key performance indicators.

The war between Russia and Ukraine continues to have a negative impact on the global economy. Lower growth, higher inflation, some disruptions that have remained in supply chains and price increases on the raw material markets are just some of the factors that are weakening confidence in a recovery in the near future. Access to borrowed capital has varied as the capital market is relatively closed and this has resulted in rising credit margins. The total financing cost offered by the market is therefore much higher than in recent years. Higher financing costs impact the demand for properties, which should result in higher yield requirements and therefore lower property values.

The energy supply from Russia remains a major issue that was exacerbated by the invasion of Ukraine. This puts growth in Europe at considerable risk and means that the high risk premiums for energy prices will continue, despite an increase in the supply from the USA. The shortages that we experienced in supply and production in 2022 will therefore continue in Sweden. This will, for example, have an impact on access to production materials for construction work, which may in turn affect the schedules and costs of future projects.

Atrium Ljungberg has a strong financial position with a low loan-to-value ratio, a relatively long loan interest rate duration and loan-to-maturity, diverse financing sources and a liquidity buffer of approximately SEK 9 billion.

For further information on risks and uncertainties in general, please see Atrium Ljungberg's 2022 Annual Report and the section entitled 'Risks and risk management' on pages 62–68.

Forecasts

Atrium Ljungberg is well-equipped for the future. As the company has a diversified property portfolio, a project portfolio focusing on very strong locations and a solid financial base, it is well-equipped to tackle the challenges that could be presented by various scenarios.

Events after the closing date

In the light of rising market interest rates and financing costs, and an assessment that property prices are falling on the market, Moody's took the decision to confirm Atrium Ljungberg's Baa2 rating, but changed its outlook from stable to negative. The reason for this is the challenges facing both the interest coverage ratio and loan-to-value ratio.

Annual General Meeting and Nomination Committee

Resolutions at Atrium Ljungberg's Annual General Meeting on 22 March 2023 include:

- a dividend of SEK 5.30 per share (SEK 5.20/share), divided into two instalments of SEK 2.65 per share each, with the record dates on 24 March and 29 September respectively.
- the re-election of the Board members Gunilla Berg, Simon de Château, Conny Fogelström, Johan Ljungberg and Sara Laurell, and the new election

- of Johan Thorell. Johan Ljungberg was re-elected as the Chairman of the Board. Erik Langby declined re-election.
- the Nomination Committee up to the next Annual General Meeting will comprise Per-Erik Hasselberg, appointed by the Holmström family, Lars Ericson, appointed by the Stockholm Consumer Cooperative Society, Anna Strömberg, appointed by Carnegie Fonder, Johan Ljungberg, appointed by the Ljungberg family and Risto Murto, appointed by the mutual occupational pension insurance company Varma.
- the Board of Directors' approval of the remuneration report for the 2022 financial year, as well as the extension and expansion of the company's loan subsidy programme for seven senior executives.
- a mandate for the Board of Directors to resolve on a new issue of shares, and a mandate to resolve on the acquisition and transfer of own shares.

Full minutes are available on Atrium Ljungberg's website at www.al.se.

The Interim Report has not been subject to review by the company's auditors.

Nacka, 14 April 2023

Annica Ånäs, CEO

∩L Interim Report Q1 2023 P.25

The share.

Atrium Ljungberg's share is listed on Nasdaq Stockholm Large Cap, with approximately 8,000 shareholders at the end of 2022. The 10 largest individual owners as of 31 March 2023 are presented in the table below.

Buy-back of shares

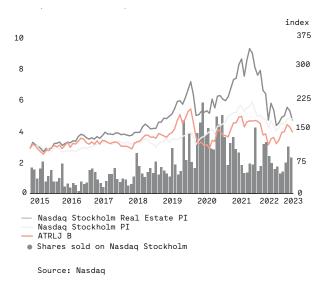
At the Annual General Meeting in March 2023, the Board of Directors of Atrium Ljungberg was authorised to take the decision to acquire the company's own shares on one or more occasions during the period until the next Annual General Meeting. The purpose of such buy-backs is to give the Board more flexibility in its work on the company's capital structure, which will therefore help to increase shareholder value. As of 31 March 2023 the company owned 7,114,875 class B shares. No buy-backs were carried out in the first quarter of 2023 (SEK 2 m).

Dividend yield and total yield

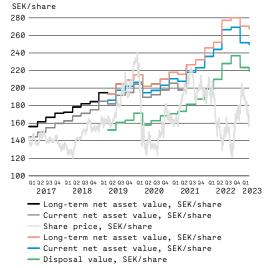
A dividend of SEK 5.30 per share was resolved by the AGM, representing a dividend yield of 3.1% (2.7%), calculated using the closing price.

The share's total yield, including the dividend, has been -9.5% (26.4%) over the past 12-month period.

The Atrium Ljungberg share



Long-term net asset value, current net asset value and market capitalisation



Major shareholders as of 31 March 2023

| | Class A shares, | Class B shares | Share of | Share of |
|--|-----------------|----------------|----------|------------|
| | ,000 | '000 | votes, % | capital, % |
| Ljungberg family | 2,190 | 29,346 | 31.6 | 23.7 |
| The Stockholm Consumer Cooperative Society | 0 | 32,861 | 20.3 | 24.7 |
| Holmström family | 1,810 | 14,549 | 20.1 | 12.3 |
| Varma pension insurance | 0 | 8,117 | 5.0 | 6.1 |
| Carnegie fonder | 0 | 7,250 | 4.5 | 5.4 |
| Swedbank Robur Fonder | 0 | 3,319 | 2.0 | 2.5 |
| Vanguard | 0 | 1,879 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
| BlackRock | 0 | 1,794 | 1.1 | 1.3 |
| Margareta af Ugglas | 0 | 1,445 | 0.9 | 1.1 |
| AFA Försäkring | 0 | 1,414 | 0.9 | 1.1 |
| Other | 0 | 20,132 | 12.4 | 20.5 |
| Total outstanding shares | 4,000 | 122,106 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Shares bought back 1) | - | 7,115 | | |
| Total number of shares issued | 4,000 | 129,221 | | |

¹⁾ Bought-back shares have no voting rights and do not receive dividends.

| Share data | 2023 Jan-Mar | 2022 Jan-Mar |
|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Share price, SEK | | |
| - Lowest | 150.10 | 177.30 |
| - Highest | 205.40 | 212.40 |
| - Closing price | 169.00 | 192.50 |
| Market capitalisation, SEK b | 21.3 | 24.3 |
| Share price/Long-term | | |
| net asset value | 63% | 76% |
| P/E | 10.0 | 4.8 |
| Share dividend yield | 3.1% | 2.7% |



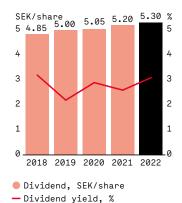
Four reasons to own shares in Atrium Ljungberg.

Stable dividend.

Atrium Ljungberg has delivered a stable dividend with an effective dividend growth rate of 6% per year over the past 10 years. The dividend in SEK per share has never been lowered since the company was listed on the stock exchange in 1994.

Dividend and share dividend yield

The development of profit is key to our success. This is the basis of our yield, along with value growth from investments.

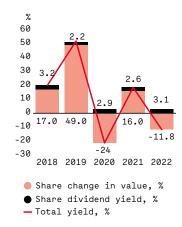


Potential for good value growth.

With a project volume of approximately SEK 40 billion in land already owned by the company and land allocations that it has obtained, Atrium Ljungberg – and therefore the share – has excellent potential to report healthy value growth over time.

Share's total yield

A total yield averaging 11.5% over the past five years.

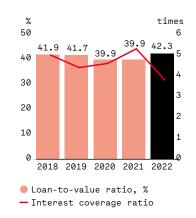


Low financial risk.

We are in a strong financial position, with a stable loan-to-value ratio and interest coverage ratio. We have an investment grade rating of Baa2 from Moody's with a negative outlook.

Loan-to-value ratio and interest coverage ratio

Stable loan-to-value ratio and interest coverage ratio.



Sustainable urban development.

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Sustainability work is integrated in the business model where we continuously develop our areas in a sustainable direction. We are a long-term player that takes responsibility for the impact of our business on people and the environment.

Goals 2030

- Atrium Ljungberg will be climate-neutral by 2030 and halve the climate impact of construction projects by 2025.
- Atrium Ljungberg's locations will achieve a score of more than 90% in the Our City index by 2030.
- Our substantial purchases will be evaluated by 2025 based on our Supplier Code of Conduct.
- Sustainable employees, a score of 5.5 in the Human Financial Wellness monitoring system.

Definitions.

FINANCIAL DEFINITIONS

Share dividend yield, %

The proposed or distributed share dividend as a percentage of the share price at the end of the financial year.

The share's dividend yield is used to illustrate which current yield shareholders are expected to receive.

Share's total yield, %

The year's change in the share price plus the distributed dividend during the year as a percentage of the share price at the end of the financial year.

The share's total yield is used to illustrate the shareholders' total yield on their ownership in Atrium Ljungberg.

Current net asset value per share, SEK

The carrying amount of equity with a reversal of derivatives and goodwill adjusted with estimated actual deferred tax, divided by the number of outstanding shares at the end of the period.

Current net asset value per share is used to provide stakeholders with information on Atrium Ljungberg's current net asset value per share calculated in a uniform manner for publicly listed property companies.

Number of outstanding shares

Number of registered shares at the end of the period less bought-back shares, which do not provide entitlement to dividend or voting rights.

Return on equity, rolling 12-month period, %

Profit for the period for the last 12 months as a percentage of average equity. Return on equity is used to illustrate Atrium Ljungberg's capacity to generate profit on the owners' capital in the Group.

Return on total assets, rolling 12-month period, %

Profit before tax for the last 12 months plus interest net and unrealised derivatives for the last 12 months as a percentage of the average balance sheet total.

Return on total assets is used to illustrate Atrium Ljungberg's capacity to generate profit on the Group's assets uninfluenced by the Group's financing.

Disposal value per share, SEK

The carrying amount of equity with a reversal of goodwill adjusted for the difference against the fair value of interest-bearing liabilities

Disposal value per share is used to provide stakeholders with information on Atrium Ljungberg's value per share for a disposal scenario calculated in a uniform manner for publicly listed property companies.

Loan-to-value ratio, %

Interest-bearing liabilities, excluding the liability for finance leasing for leaseholds, as a percentage of the sum of the properties' fair value at the end of the period.

The loan-to-value ratio is used to illustrate Atrium Ljungberg's financial risk.

Gross profit/loss property management

Rental income less property management costs.

Gross profit/loss project and construction work

Project and construction work sales minus project and construction costs.

Equity per share, SEK

Reported equity divided by the number of outstanding shares at the end of the period.

Equity per share is used to illustrate the owners' share of the company's total assets per share.

Property costs

Total property management costs, which exclude central administration.

Profit before changes in value less nom. tax on taxable profit/loss before loss carry-forwards, SEK

Profit from property management, less calculated current tax excluding loss carry-forwards, divided by the average number of outstanding shares. The deducted tax has been calculated by taking into account tax deductible depreciation and investments.

Profit before changes in value less nom. tax on taxable profit/loss before loss carry-forwards is used to provide stakeholders with information on Atrium Ljungberg's management result per share calculated in a uniform manner for publicly listed property companies.

Average loan-to-maturity, years

Average remaining term until final maturity of all credits in the liabilities portfolio.

The average loan-to-maturity is used to illustrate Atrium Ljungberg's financial risk.

Average closing interest rate, %

Weighted average contracted interest for all credits in the liabilities portfolio excluding unutilised credit facilities.

The average closing interest rate is used to illustrate Atrium Ljungberg's financial risk.

Average interest rate duration, years

Average remaining term until interest settlement date of all credits in the liabilities portfolio.

The average interest rate duration is used to illustrate Atrium Liungberg's financial risk.

Adjusted loan-to-value ratio, %

Interest-bearing liabilities, excluding the liability for financial leasing for leaseholds, as a percentage of the sum of the properties' fair values at the end of the period, less properties acquired but not possessed and plus properties sold but not vacated.

The adjusted loan-to-value ratio is used to illustrate Atrium Ljungberg's financial risk.

Cash flow per share, SEK

Cash flow from operating activities divided by the average number of outstanding shares.

Cash flow per share, SEK is used to illustrate Atrium Ljungberg's cash flow, and particularly its dividend capacity.

Long-term net asset value per share, SEK

Reported equity with a reversal of goodwill, derivatives and deferred tax, divided by the number of outstanding shares at the end of the period.

Long-term net asset value per share is used to provide stakeholders information on Atrium Ljungberg's long term net asset value per share calculated in a uniform manner for publicly listed property companies.

Average number of outstanding shares

Weighted average number of outstanding shares calculated in accordance with IAS 33.

Earnings per share, SEK

Net profit/loss for the period divided by the average number of outstanding shares.

Profit from property management, SEK

Profit from property management divided by the average number of outstanding shares.

Profit from property management per share is used to illustrate the ongoing management operations.

Interest coverage ratio

Profit from property management plus interest net and profit from sale of development properties, divided by interest net (excluding leasehold fees which, according to IFRS 16, have been reclassified as an interest expense).

The interest coverage ratio is used to illustrate how sensitive the company's results are to interest rate changes.

Dividend pay-out ratio, %

Dividend per share as a percentage of the profit/loss per share before changes in value, less applicable nominal tax.

Dividend pay-out ratio is used to illustrate what proportion of the earnings is shifted out to the Group's owners and reinvested in the operations respectively.

PROPERTY-RELATED DEFINITIONS

RA, m₂

Residential area refers to the letting area of a building for residential use.

GFA, m²

GFA (Gross Floor Area) refers to the building's total area, including outer walls.

Operating surplus

Refers to rental income less property management costs.

Vacancy rate, %

The rental value of unlet premises divided by the rental value of the entire property portfolio. Project properties are excluded.

Development properties

Development properties are properties that are built or unbuilt that the Group owns in order to develop and sell them as tenant-owned dwellings. These properties are recognised as current assets, even though some of the properties are managed and generate rental income while they are waiting to be developed.

They are recognised at the lower of their accumulated cost and their net realisable value.

Property type

The premises type which comprises the predominant share of the rental value of a register property or profit area determines the property type.

The market value and development of rental income in comparable portfolios recognised per property type.

Rental value

Contracted annual rents including rent surcharges (e.g. for property tax, heating and electricity) and estimated market rents for vacant space in existing condition.

Rental value is used to illustrate the Group's income potential.

Comparable portfolios

Comparable portfolio refers to the properties which were not classified as project properties and were owned throughout the period and entire comparison period.

Comparable portfolio is used to illustrate the trend of rental income excluding non-recurrent effects for premature vacating of premises and property costs uninfluenced by project properties as well as acquired and sold properties.

NRA, m²

Non-residential area refers to the letting area of a building for non-residential purposes.

Premises type

The operations managed in the individual premises determine the premises type: offices, retail, residential, other or garage. Other includes education, culture, service enterprises and storage.

The letting rate and yield requirement are reported per premises type.

Net letting

Total contracted annual rent for new lets with deductions for annual rents due to terminated contracts for the period.

Net letting is used to illustrate the letting situation.

Project property

An individual property or a clearly delimited part of a property that has been or is about to be vacated in order to permit the renovation and upgrading of the property. The term, project property, also refers to buildings under construction and to undeveloped land and development rights.

Reclassification from project property to completed property occurs at the time of completion.

Project return, %

Market value after completed project minus total investment as a percentage of total investment.

Project return is used to illustrate value creation in the project operations.

Leaseholds

The right of use for building plots. In compliance with IFRS 16, leaseholds are recognised as a right-of-use asset in the balance sheet

Leasehold fees

The fee paid for the utilisation of leaseholds. Regarded according to IFRS 16 as an interest expense in the income statement.

Letting area, m²

Total area available for letting. Garage is included in letting area but excluded when calculating the rental value per m² and fair value per m².

Letting rate, %

Contracted annual rents as a percentage of the rental value in conjunction with full letting. Reported figures are based on the immediately subsequent quarter.

The letting rate is used to illustrate the Group's efficiency in the use of its investment properties.

Operating surplus margin, %

Gross profit/loss from property management as a percentage of the recognised rental income.

Operating surplus margin is used to illustrate what proportion of the Group's rental income remains after property costs.

Sustainability-related definitions

BREEAM

Is an environmental certification system developed in Europe for built environments. BREEAM takes a big picture approach to environmental performance. There are two types of BREEAM certification; BREEAM that relates to new production and BREEAM In-Use, which relates to existing properties.

The areas addressed by BREEAM are energy and water consumption, health, transport, materials, waste, land usage, emissions, ecology and management.

Energy intensity, kWh per m²

Total energy consumption from heating, cooling, tenant electricity and property electricity divided by the average estimated total letting area that is heated, excluding garages.

Green lease contracts, %

Contracted annual rent for commercial premises excluding the garage and storage for lease contracts with green rent supplement as a percentage of contracted annual rent for commercial premises excluding the garage and storage. Green rent supplement is a supplement to the agreement from the Swedish Property Federation in which the tenant and landlord jointly undertake to reduce the environmental impact and covers, for example, energy, waste and transport. Reported figures are based on the immediately subsequent quarter.

Total sales

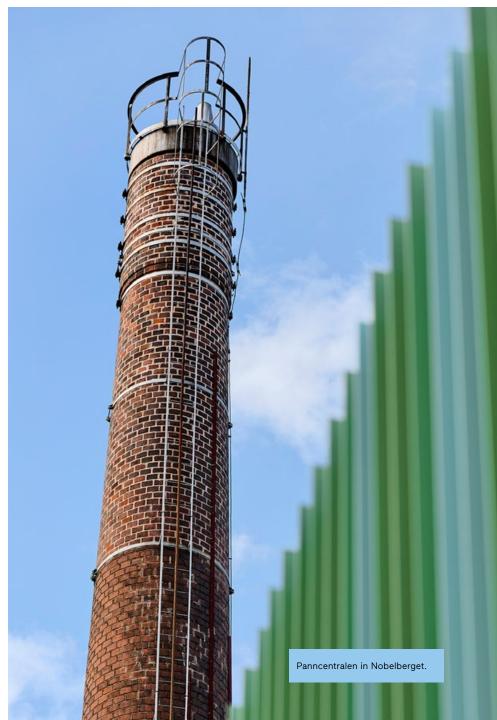
This relates to Net sales as set out in the consolidated income statement.

Total capital expenditure

The acquisition of properties and investments in new and existing properties. The 'Change in the property portfolio' table therefore includes the following rows: 'Acquisitions' and 'Investments in held properties'.

Total operating expenses

Costs for property maintenance, ongoing repairs and maintenance.



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Information from Atrium Ljungberg.

The Annual Report and interim reports are published on our website. Interim reports and preliminary financial statements are translated into English and all language versions are published simultaneously on our website. The annual reports are translated into English shortly after the publication of the Swedish language version.

Interested parties can subscribe to both financial reports and press releases via our website: www.al.se. The site also provides updated information on our operations, our properties and projects, financial key performance indicators, the share, and much more besides. The information on the website is also available in English.

IR contact

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Publication of financial information.

| Interim Report, January-June 2023 | 6 July 2023 |
|--|------------------|
| Interim Report, January-September 2023 | 12 October 2023 |
| Year-End Report 2023 | 31 January 2024 |
| 2023 Annual Report | 23 February 2024 |

Press releases during the quarter.

| The Swedish Chemicals Agency is moving into Atrium Ljungberg's Chokladfabriker | n 2 January 2023 |
|--|------------------|
| Atrium Ljungberg sells its Skotten 6 property in the City of Stockholm | 17 January 2023 |
| Zmarta moves to Mineralvattenfabriken in Hagastaden | 31 January 2023 |
| Adam & Albin will open its SOLEN restaurant in April | 7 February 2023 |
| Expansion of an upper-secondary school further enhances Campus Sickla | 21 February 2023 |
| Nordr moves its Swedish office to Hagastaden | 24 February 2023 |
| Atrium Ljungberg becomes a co-owner of the community and coworking company | |
| 'A house' | 16 March 2023 |



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https://www.instagram.com/atriumljungberg/

Atrium Ljungberg, April 2023.
Photos: TMRW, Mathias Bardå, Peter
Rutherhagen, WTR Arkitekter, Pixery Media, Måns
Berg, Oscar Hökerberg, Industriromantik.
Production: Narva Communications.

This report has been prepared in Swedish and translated into English. In the event of any discrepancies between the Swedish and the translation, the former shall have precendence.

