In December 2014 a group of more than 70 international healthcare policy experts, practitioners and service users, under the leadership of Professor Robert Drake, attended the Salzburg Global session New Paradigms for Behavioral and Mental Health Care (December 7-12, 2014).

During the seminar it was recognized that the United Nations post-2015 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) have a critical part to play in setting priorities for the development and investment in healthcare systems.

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We, the participants of the Salzburg Global session New Paradigms for Behavioral and Mental Health Care (listed in this document):

I. Recognize the central importance of mental health in the United Nations post-2015 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs);

II. Accept the case for fully including mental health in the SDGs given:

i. The global prevalence of mental disorders and psychosocial disabilities, with 1 in 4 people experiencing mental health problems in their lifetime;

ii. The excessive treatment gap in low- and middle-income countries, where often over 90% of people with mental disorders receive no effective treatment

iii. The global under-financing of the mental health sector, and the critical shortage of mental health services;

iv. The breach of the universal right to health for up to 600 million people with mental illness across the world each year;

v. The growing global impact of mental disorders and psychosocial disabilities, which contribute 23% of the total global burden of disease;

vi. The often long-lasting disability caused by mental disorders and psychosocial disabilities, and the high impact of the excess mortality, and suicide;

vii. The global crisis, of human rights violations, social exclusion, stigma and discrimination of persons with mental disorders and psychosocial disabilities;

III. Accept the importance of fully including mental health in the SDG targets and indicators, which will be necessary to provide reliable information, and measurable and comparable data, for policy makers, service providers, and service users, to enhance mental health systems and services worldwide;

IV. Regret that, despite growing global awareness, until now there has been a lack of substantial progress in fully including mental health in the United Nations SDGs.

We therefore call upon the United Nations, and its Member States, for a renewed global commitment to mental health, with clear and specific targets and indicators, particularly with a focus on mental health treatment coverage, strengthening community health, outreach and peer support.